



## THE CRISIS IN CHINA.

### THE POWERS MAY DECIDE UPON OCCUPYING PEKIN.

German Warships Sail for Taku—The British Foreign Office Discredits Reports of Emperor's Death.

London, Oct. 3.—The British foreign office has no news of the death of the Emperor of China, and discredits the Report.

Shanghai, Oct. 3.—The day after the emperor issued an edict in the name of the emperor, declaring that Kang Tu Wei, the Cantonese reformer, headed an attempt on the life of the dowager empress, and conspired to subvert the Manchu dynasty, in both of which he had been detected, and his plans failed. Therefore, he and his partisans were traitors, and worthy of death.

London, Oct. 4.—The Pekin correspondent of the Daily Mail, telegraphing Sept. 29, says that the emperor, who tried to escape from the palace, but was arrested by the day after, was the one who issued the edict. The correspondent also says that Chao Shu Chao, vice-president of the board of punishment, has been appointed to succeed Kang Tu Wei in the office of the board of punishment.

London, Oct. 4.—A special dispatch from Shanghai says that telegrams from Pekin have been detained two days. The last telegram received according to this dispatch, announces that the foreign ministers held an emergency meeting. The German warships at Kien Chau, it is also stated, had started hurriedly for Taku the day before.

Margin 46, who it is understood, is visiting China for the purpose of arranging an offensive and defensive alliance between China and Japan owing to the imperial edict issued, presenting the negotiations during the crisis, has issued a Taku for Shanghai. The foreign ministers, it is said, are meeting to discuss the possibility of a joint occupation of Pekin by the powers.

The Tung Li Yamen has demanded that Sir Claude Macdonald, the British minister, shall surrender Kang Yu, Yemantou, leader of the rebellion in the Sze Chuen province, has issued a proclamation ordering the extermination of all foreigners.

## TESLIN MURDER.

### A DOUBLE TRAGEDY ENACTED ON THE TESLIN LAKE.

The Assassin in Attempting to Escape Is Shot by His Partners. Among Whom Is His Own Brother.

Victoria, Oct. 3.—An Englishman named C. Way, who returned on the Dirigo from an unsuccessful prospecting trip up the Hazelton, brings news of a murder and lynching on that river amongst a French Canadian party hauling from Quebec. The party, which went over the Stikine the last winter, had got as far as about thirty miles below Lake Teslin, where they were encamped about eight weeks ago when the tragedy occurred. The murderer, Xavier Lazon, lost considerable money in playing cards with the man who afterwards fell a victim to his knife, and alleging cheating on the part of the winner, he swore to be avenged. The night following he crept to where his victim lay asleep and plunged his jackknife into the prostate body several times. When the other members of the party awoke next morning they found Leclair, the murdered man, lying in a pool of blood, dead and Lazon missing. After a chase of about three hours they captured him. About ten minutes after his capture he endeavored to slay his captors, but they killed his flying form with bullets, and leaving his dead corpse lying on the river bank, returned and buried their murdered comrade, marking his grave with a little wooden cross. Among the party who lynched Lazon, according to the Englishman's story, was his brother, Henri Lazon. The Lasons were, it is said, formerly merchants in Point Levis. Leclair sailed from Three Rivers. It seems strange that if such a crime had occurred it has not hitherto been reported.

## DEATH OF DANISH QUEEN

### The Royal Sufferer Passes Away Surrounded by Her Family.

Copenhagen, Sept. 29.—The Queen of Denmark died at 5:30 o'clock this morning.

London, Sept. 29.—A dispatch to the Times from Copenhagen gives the following description of the death of the Queen of Denmark: "The King of Denmark and Greece and the Princess of Waldegrave during many hours, held the hand of the dying queen, who, for a few moments recovered consciousness but could not speak. Her husband wept and the physicians requested him to retire to rest, but, he replied: 'I will stay at least while the queen is conscious.'

The Queen has been dangerously ill for several months, but an effort had been made to keep the condition of the royal sufferer from the public. Her daughter, the Princess of Wales, was summoned to Denmark in haste a few weeks ago.

Queen Louise of Denmark was born September 7th, 1817. She was the daughter of the Landgrave Wilhelm of Hesse-Cassel. She was married on May 26th, 1842, to Christian, fourth son of the late Duke Wilhelm of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderburg-Glueckburg. Prince Christian was appointed in succession to the crown of Denmark by the treaty of London on May 8th, 1852, and by the Danish law of succession on July 31, 1855. He succeeded to the throne as Christian IX on the death of King Frederick VII on November 15, 1863.

Everywhere flags are half-mast. The queen did not die of any special illness but of increasing decrepitude.

## TRAGEDY AT YORKTON.

Robert Moore Mortally Wounded While Resisting Arrest.

Yorkton, Aug. 28.—Robert Moore was fatally shot by Constable Lock, N. W. M. B., while resisting arrest. This is the second who has been killed by a gun two years ago. Moore, who recently shot a bullet belonging to James Collywell. The police went to arrest him last night and he locked himself in his house and defied them. They withdrew and returned today, broke into the house and rushed him. He shot at Constable Hamilton with a double barreled shot gun, narrowly missing his head. Constable Lock fired his carbine through the doorway at Moore's hand just as the latter stepped forward to get at Lock. Moore fell with a bullet through his hands. There were eight cartridges in his person and one in the gun undischarged. He was brought to town for surgery. He was brought to town for surgery and the wound is mortal.

### Expenses of War.

Madrid, Sept. 29.—Figures published by the agency, which give the expense of the war as two thousand million pesetas, is short of the exact figure by nearly two thousand million. Before the beginning of the war the disbursements had been two thousand millions.

Porto Rico during the war cost ten millions, while in Cuba money was absorbed in such a prodigal manner that, to use the words of Senor Romero Giron, expressed a few days ago. "The Island of Cuba has been an immense abyss in which hundreds of millions have vanished in a manner which will astonish the taxpayers as it did me."

### FIVE PERSONS KILLED

in a Collision on the Intercolonial Railway—Orders Were Misunderstood.

Halifax, Sept. 28.—A special from Stellarton says a serious accident occurred near here on the Pictou branch of the Intercolonial railway this morning.

A special from Tatamagouche in charge of Conductor A. R. McLeod, collided with a coal train in charge of Conductor W. Gordon at a point between Westville and St. Ellerton, known as Adams Cut. Five persons were killed, they are:

James Sprout, engineer.

Michael O'Brien, engineer.

W. G. Henderson, fireman.

J. R. McKenzie, fireman.

A passenger named Martin McDonald of Lyons.

Two passengers are seriously and a number slightly injured. One of the two badly hurt is John McMillan, of Pictou. The accident was caused by a misunderstanding of orders. The special was an excursion train of seven cars crowded with people bound for Halifax for the provincial fair, the other train was going to Westville with about sixty miners on their way to work in the Acadia colliery. The collision occurred at a sharp curve, and the two trains, which were running at high speed, came together without warning.

### Destructive Timber Fires.

Denver, Colo., Sept. 28.—Disasters received here indicate that great fires are devastating the timber growth on the main range from Harts Peak on the north to Ragosa Springs on the south, a distance of hundred miles, the flames doing destructive work are unchecked. The flames are known to be doing tremendous damage in Routt county, in Egeria Park, along the Roaring Fork river and down in San Juan river region.

The estimate of the damage done is hard to make, but will run into the millions. Human life may already have been sacrificed. If the fires are not soon quenched by a heavy rain, many persons will certainly perish. Several mining camps and innumerable ranches are even now in danger of destruction.

### Hanged Himself.

Galt, Ont., Sept. 30.—John Hain, Sr., an old resident of Doon committed suicide last night. He took his chains with them all the day, and in the evening delivered them into the charge of some boy to drive home to whom he gave a few copper. He climbed the hill leading to C. D. Good's bush and hanged himself to a tree. He was found dead two hours later by his son-in-law, Mr. Mear. He was widely known and much respected.

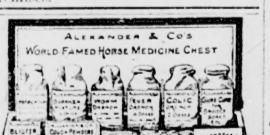
### Hostile Indians.

St. Paul, Sept. 28.—Regular troops have been ordered to Leech Lake because of the Indian trouble, which threatens to become serious unless suppressed at once.

A girl loves to be loved by a man that she knows some other girl loves.

Borrowers are like picnics—very hot and very sweet.

One way to keep on friendly terms with your neighbor is to keep off his premises.



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Sick Horses and  
Sick Cattle.

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## IS DREYFUS INNOCENT?

### GERMAN OFFICERS WILLING TO GIVE EVIDENCE.

#### H. Sarrien, Minister of Justice Takes Action on the Cabinet's Decision—Emperor William's Views.

London, Sept. 28.—According to the National Review, if France requests it, Germany will permit General Schwarzkoppen, formerly German military attaché in Paris, to reveal all that he knows regarding the Dreyfus affair. The National Review's article indicates that much of the information published in London by Mr. Conybeare, and others emanated from Col. Schwarzkoppen and Col. Pentzinger, the Italian military attaché in Paris.

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Paris, Sept. 27.—M. Sarrien, minister of justice, communicated to the council of ministers to-day the terms of the letter which he will present to the court of cassation demanding the revision of the trial of Dreyfus, and also the circular issued to the procureur-general, in view of the energetic measures which are to be taken for repression of all attacks upon the army in public meetings, etc.

The present understanding is that will be a re-establishment of the ministry.

Revisionist newspapers are rejoicing over yesterday's decision of the cabinet, revising the Dreyfus case, and the anti-Dreyfusists are correspondingly crestfallen.

Le Voltaire says: "Now we have entered the path of loyalty."

L'Aurore says: "Government which supports justice and truth has arisen."

L'Intransigeante and La Libre Parole both indulge in violent attacks upon Premier Brisson and Le Peint Journal declares: "We are in the presence of a political revolution conceived by politicians and organized like a conspiracy."

Le Figaro says that the action of the cabinet will result in quieting public opinion, and that henceforth agitation will be abandoned.

Le Matin praises the government for its courage, but at the same time expresses fear that the anti-revision campaign will continue livelier than ever.

### THE MARKETS.

New York, Oct. 3.—Wheat receipts, 370,000 bushels; exports, 337,500 bushels, 23c.

Chicago, Oct. 3.—The leading futures closed as follows:

Wheat—Oct. 31c; Dec. 62c; May 63c; Corn—Oct. 18c; Dec. 23c; May 11c; Oats—Dec. 26c; May 22c.

### WINNIPEG MARKETS.

Wheat—55 to 56c.

Flour—Patent, \$2.05; strong bakers, \$1.85; second bakers, \$1.65; XXXX, per sack of 98 lbs, \$1.15.

Milkfeed—calf, \$1.00; shorthorn, \$1.00; large lots, 50c per ton less.

Ground Feed—Quoted at \$2.70 to \$2.80 per ton as to quality for oats and scarce.

Oats—30c per bushel.

Barley—30c.

Butter—Creamery quoted at 20c and dairy at 11c.

Cheese—Manitoba, 9 to 9½c.

Eggs—Fresh stock is selling here at 15 to 16c, and dealers are paying 11c for recently received.

Market is firm and offerings light.

Dressed Meats—Beef, 5 to 5½c; mutton, 7c to 7½c; lambs, 9c; hogs, 7c to 7½c; veal, 6c to 7c.

Poultry—Live fowls, per pair, 50c to 60c; spring chickens, 30c to 50c per pair; turkeys, 10c to 11c per lb; live weight; ducks, 6c to 8c per pair, or 8c per pound live weight.

Game—Mallards, 25 to 30c per pair; canvas backs, 35 to 40c; and small varieties, 15 to 20c per pair.

Vegetables—Potatoes, 25c to 35c per bushel; cabbage, 25 to 40c per dozen; cauliflower, 40c to 50c per dozen; turnips, 20c per bushel; carrots, 40c; beets, 40c; celery, 20 to 25c per dozen; cucumbers, 10c per dozen; corn, sweet, 75c to 90c per bushel; green tomatoes, 40c per bushel; local ripe tomatoes, 2 to 2½c per lb; mushrooms, 10c to 12½c per lb; onions, 10c to 12½c per lb; carrots, 20c to 25c per lb.

Hides—No. 1, 7½c; No. 2, 6½c; kip, 6½c to 7½c; calf, 7c to 9c; sheepskins and lambskins, 20 to 40c; horse hides, 75c to 175c each; colts, 25c each.

Wooll—Unwashed Manitoba fleece, 8½c to 9c.

Tallow—No. 1, 3½c; No. 2, 2½c to 3c.

Seneca Root—25c per pound.

Hay—Baled, \$5 to \$6 per ton on track here; loose, \$5 to \$6 per ton on the street.

Cattle—Butchers' cattle are 2½c to 3c.

Export cattle quoted at 3c to 3½c.

Sheep—3½c for good to prime animals; lambs, 1½c.

Hogs—Practically out of the market.

Any that are offering bring 5 to 5½c.

Horses—Good, smooth horses of ten to eleven hundred pounds weight are worth from \$125 to \$175 each if well broken; bronchos \$25 to \$50 unbroken.

Hogs—Offerings are very light. All coming are taken by butchers at 5 to 5½c off cars here. Packers are not getting any.

### Aid for Barbadoes.

London, Oct. 3.—The government of Barbadoes, directing him to cable an estimate of the total sum of money required to cover the actual distress caused by the recent hurricane.

The colonial office yesterday received the following dispatch from Governor Hay: "Laborers' houses destroyed, £10,277; damaged, £4,644; cost to restore, £27,000, not including personal effects. I have available £10,000, and earnestly request £20,000 more immediately. This estimate covers only the losses of the poorer classes."

### Typhoid at Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 3.—Typhoid fever is so prevalent in Ottawa as to cause anxiety.

Eight cases have developed among the boarders at the Young Men's Christian association building on Metcalfe street, a handsome structure with all modern sanitary equipment. The city

hospitals have an unusually large number of typhoid patients.

## THE LAW'S LONG ARM.

### Dr. Nancy Guilford, of Bridgeport, Conn., Arrested for Murder in London, Eng.

Liverpool, Sept. 27.—Detectives awaited the arrival here of the steamer Vancouver from Montreal, and upon the landing of her passengers followed a woman who came ashore from the steamer. The officers maintained secrecy regarding this person, refusing to give her name or to discuss the case beyond saying that she is suspected of having committed a murder in Canada. The woman boarded a train for London, Inspector Lamont in the next compartment, with instructions to arrest her if she went to a house in which the Canadian police had informed the English authorities would probably be the destination of the murderer. It has been reported in New York that the woman is Dr. Nancy Guilford, of Bridgeport, Conn., has been arrested in Liverpool, charged with being concerned in the murder of Emma Gill, of Southwark, Conn., where a body, cut in several pieces, was found some time ago in the Yellow mill pond near Bridgeport.

Stamford, Conn., Sept. 27.—The state attorney, Samuel Fessenden, was seen this morning and asked if he had any information that would confirm the reported arrest in Liverpool this morning of Dr. Nancy Guilford, who is wanted for alleged connection with the disappearance of Emma Gill's body and other serious charges in connection with the death of the young girl. Mr. Fessenden said he had no information at all, and a telegram from Liverpool announced that a person answering the description of Mrs. Dr. J. Guilford had left Liverpool on Sept. 26.

Mr. John Bradley, Mrs. Bessie Kerr, Francis O'Neill, Miss Clara O'Neill, Francis Moffatt, Gladys Ekins, Injured—Jas. McCarthy, will die. R. H. Bradley. Miss Jennie Nestor. Miss Maude O'Neill. Mrs. Richard Thompson. Mr. McCasland. Mr. John Hogan. Infant child of John Bradley. Bessie Kerr. Francis O'Neill. Otto Morris. May Williams. Clara Murray. Mr. McCasland. Edward Doyle. Willi Wilson. Mr. Jas. E. Bradley. Jennie Bradley.

Rev. Lawrence Skeay, rector of the Episcopal church at Merriton, went to Toronto to-day to enlist the sympathies of the press and people of Toronto on behalf of the sufferers. He was an eye-witness of the storm. His own church escaped with the destruction of the tower. The Presbyterian church was totally wrecked. About thirty-five houses were totally destroyed, being chiefly those of working people of the factories. The Lincoln paper mill, which is badly damaged, will not close down fortunately.

Some extraordinary incidents are recorded. A young son of David Ramsay was standing on the Acetylene Gas Works siding when the funnel scooped him up. He was a wonderful experience. He threw up his arms, and was unable to get them down again. His body was rigid, and he was carried in the whirlpool, at one call, clear over Lincoln paper mill, and deposited in a pool beyond, suffering nothing but a sprain, shouldered his gun, and found his way to safety.

The first section of the electric rail road to the summit of Mount Washington, the famous mountain of the Swiss Alps, has been opened as far as Kander glacier, and it is expected the road will be finished by the year 1894.

The question of raising sugar beets, which has been under discussion by the London board of trade for some time, one that is agitating the British farmer at the present time, and trials have been made all over Great Britain and Ireland this summer in plots ranging up to two and three acres. The results were in most cases satisfactory.

The great a number of languages sometimes leaves a man in a most difficult position.

## THE STORM MONSTER.

### FURTHER PARTICULARS OF THE CYCLONE AT MERRITTON.

Revised List of Victims—Tenawanda, N. Y., Seriously Damaged—Freaks of the Tornado.

St. Catharines, Sept. 27.—The reported death of James McCarthy and Maude O'Neill proved untrue, though McCarthy is very low and will likely die. Maude O'Neill may recover. The deaths are the same as reported last night to the Free Press with the addition of Gladys Ekins, a child, who was almost cut in two by the destruction of the Late

# JOHN ARTHUR'S WARD,

ON THE  
DETECTIVE'S DAUGHTER

By the author of "A Woman's Crime," "The Missing Diamond," etc.

## CHAPTER XV.—CORA AND THE FRENCH MAID MEASURE SWORDS.

During the day, Miss Arthur communicated to her maid the fact that Mr. Percy would remain in Belair for the present. He was going away for a day on business; then he would return and take up his abode at the Belair inn.

"Would monsieur be absent to-morrow?"

"Yes."

Then, as mademoiselle would not especially need her, would she graciously give her the day? Her sister had just returned from Paris, and would very soon leave the city en route for Washington. Her sister was in the service of Mrs. General Delonne—of course mademoiselle had heard of Madame Delonne; knew her, perhaps. Celine much desired to see this sister, and expected to get some valuable hints from her regarding the very latest French coiffures, etc., etc. In short, could mademoiselle spare her to-morrow just for one little day?

Mademoiselle, after due deliberation, perhaps in consideration of the new coiffures, graciously consented. This matter was settled while the dinner toilet of the lady was in progress; and Celine spared no pains to make her mistress satisfied with herself and all about her.

"How long had Mr. Percy been in the little parlor, Celine, before I came down?"

She was still a trifle dissatisfied at having found her lover so cosily tête-à-tête with her fascinating sister-in-law.

"Oh, a very short time, my lady—I mean mademoiselle."

"And how did he meet Mrs. Arthur?"

"Madame was just entering from the terrace; they met in the hall," glibly.

"And did they meet like old friends, Celine?"

"Oh, no! mademoiselle; quite formally. At first I fancied she was really displeased at meeting her—but of course mademoiselle knew the reason for that," slyly.

"Hush, you foolish girl," said the flat-topped spinner: "It's all right, of course."

Miss Arthur had exhausted her patience waiting for her tardy admirer, and, finding her own apartments dull, had come down to the parlor thus interrupting the interview, to the disgust of more than one of those interested.

Mr. Percy had many questions yet to propound to his newly-found wife as he entered her, and she, knowing him so well, felt a trifle more uneasy than was comfortable, wondering what use, if any, he intended to make of the small amount of power he still possessed over her. She must hold another interview with him and that soon. Meaning to leave him to the tender mercies of the happy spinner. It was late in the evening when she at last found a convenient opportunity, and crossed the hall in the direction of Miss Arthur's dressing room. She was about to open the door and enter, when her movement was anticipated by Celine, who appeared upon the threshold in hat and shawl.

Mrs. Arthur seemed not at all abashed, but pushing the girl back into the room, stepped in herself and closed the door. "You were going out, Celine," smiling sweetly.

"Yes, madame," respondfully.

"May I ask where?"

"Certainly, madame. I have leave to go and see my sister to-morrow. I am going to telegraph her that she may expect me. Can I serve madame?"

Madame pondered a moment.

"Celine," she said, abruptly, "Why did you pretend to answer a ring this morning, when your mistress came down to the little parlor?"

"I trust madame was not offended," deprecatingly.

"No, no," impatiently; "but I want to understand you."

"Madame shall. Madame must know that my mistress is not always smooth in temper?"

"Yes," laughing wickedly.

"This morning she bade me admit the gentleman, tell him she was in the grounds, and then come to her. He came, and almost immediately saw you, madame, walking on the terrace."

"Stop! How did he act when he saw me, Celine?"

The girl looked at her in apparent hesitation. "Madame will not be angry with me?"

"No, no."

"He looked almost frightened, and took off his hat, as if about to go."

Celine uttered a low, triumphant, "Ah, did he?"

"Then he called me back as I was leaving the room to summon my mistress, and asked me who you were. I told him. He looked relieved, said he had mistaken you for an old acquaintance, and bade me ask you to come to him, and say nothing to Miss Arthur until he desired it."

"I see; but why did you follow her, when she came down? Did she know we were there?"

"No, madame."

"Then why?"

"Pardon," with a sidelong glance at her face, "but madame is beautiful, and my mistress is jealous. I thought you might wish me to do as I did, and I desire to serve you, madame."

Celine eyed her keenly. "But why serve me, Celine?"

"Madame has ever been gracious to Celine," said the girl, lowering her eyes. "Even a servant appreciates kindness—my mistress never considers that."

Cors's thoughts flew fast. If she could trust the girl, she might make her very useful. She had sought this interview to question her concerning the adventure of the morning and now might she not be of still more service?

A few more sharply-put questions were asked and answered with corresponding shrewdness. Then Celine detailed, in her own way, her interview with her mistress on the subject of Mr. Percy's visit.

Cora was at last fully satisfied that, for some reason, Miss Arthur had aroused a feeling of antagonism in the breast of her maid. She resolved to profit by

this state of affairs. Accordingly, a few moments later, Celine Leroque flitted out from the house the bearer of two important messages.

One in writing, was a telegram to be sent to Lucian Davlin.

The other was a verbal message to be delivered, in some way, to Mr. Percy before he quitted the grounds of Oakley.

Pausing at a safe distance from the house, Celine produced from her pocket some wagon matches. She lit one, having looked cautiously about her, and spreading open the telegram to Mr. Davlin, read these words:

"Come down to-morrow without fail. It is important."

"So," uttered Miss Arthur's maid as, flinging away the match, she hurried on her way; "so he must be consulted; he must come down. In the absence of Percy, too, I wonder if he knows this Percy, that Lucian Davlin at present personates the dethroned brother of his fair lost love?" Such a sneer rested on the face of the French maid. "Well! Mr. Davlin must come, and unfortunately, I can't be present at this interview. However, I shall be able to judge pretty accurately by their future movements what is its portent."

Edward Percy, as he chose to call himself, was not aware of the position held by Lucian Davlin in that household. Celine had seized an opportunity to murmur to Miss Arthur a soft warning.

"Ellen, dear!" she had said, "pay no mind to the trifles that Lucian has done to you. The fact is, the two had a slight misunderstanding while we were all at Long Branch, about a horse or something. Lucian was very much to blame, I think, but they parted bad friends. It is best never to interfere in men's quarrels, so I have not mentioned Lucian's name to him at all."

Cunning Cora! Her tact had made this explanation seem a quite probable one; and as Miss Arthur certainly had no desire to drive Mr. Percy from Oakley, she assured her "kind, thoughtful Cora" that she would be very guarded and never once mention Mr. Davlin's name in his enemy's presence.

Of this fact, of course, Celine was in total ignorance, as she proceeded on her way, which was not to the telegraph office; at least not yet.

Hurrying through Oakley wood in the opposite direction from the village she crossed the meadow and approached the cottage of Nurse Hagar. A light was dimly visible through the paper curtains, but no sound was heard within. The girl listened at the door a moment, and then tapped softly.

Here the girl paused and leaned back in her chair as if her story was done.

"And then?" echoed Hagar.

"And then?" repeated the girl, baring forward and resting her hand upon the old woman's wrist; "and then madame will recover—but John Arthur will remain an invalid and a prisoner?"

"It is needless to say that Miss Arthur flies instantly; but the doctor, intervening the half sick, fidgety old man, discovers that he, too, is threatened with the fever. Of course, he cannot leave them."

Old Hagar's eyes were twinkling, and she was bending forward now in an eagerly attentive attitude. "No," she breathed, unconsciously.

"Well, the house brother will refuse to fly from the fever, and will implore the skillful man of medicine to remain and minister unto the sick. The good doctor stays. Of course, such of the servants as are at all likely to prove troublesome, through possessing a trifling more brains than is usually allotted to an idiot, will be kindly told that, rather than endanger their lives, the household will dispense with their valuable services. Then a nurse, perhaps two, will come down from the city, and the plotters will have the game in their own hands."

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"And then?" repeated the girl, baring forward and resting her hand upon the old woman's wrist; "and then madame will recover—but John Arthur will remain an invalid and a prisoner?"

"It is needless to say that the fever has affected his brain, and his unpopularity, arising from the fact that he has always shunned and scorned the village folk, will insure them against intrusive investigators. Auntie, they have hatched a pretty plot."

"But," objected Hagar, "they will have to stay at Oakley, if he is to be a prisoner. And they won't dare leave him with keepers and—"

"True," the girl interrupted. "I don't know how they will manage the rest, but having satisfied this match, madame and her brother" paused at the end of the path. "I saw her as she looked up into his face, and this is what she said: 'When he is once a prisoner, what could be more natural than that a crazy, sick old man should die some day?' Then the man replied, 'Nothing'; and they both returned to the house, without another word."

For some moments silence reigned in Hagar's dwelling. The old woman seemed unable, or unwilling, to utter a word of comment upon the story to which she had been so attentive a listener.

Celine, leaning at length and said, as she began pacing to and fro before the old woman. "Well, have you anything to say to this?" "Yes," quietly.

"Then why don't you speak out. Are you horribly shocked?"

"No."

"No? Well, so much the better!"

Hagar arose, pushed back her chair, crossed the room, and pulling back the curtain, looked out into the night. Then turning her inscrutable old face upon the girl, she said, quite calmly:

"Why should not others measure out to John Arthur the same bitter draught that he filled for your mother, years ago? Bah! It is only retribution!"

"True," said the girl, sternly. Then in a guarded tone: "And you would make no attempt to overturn their finely laid plans?"

"No?" fiercely. "You? I thought you wanted revenge."

"And so I do—and you will have it."

"How, then?"

"Will you go to Madame Arthur?"

"What?"

"Ah, now you reason. I will tell you." Hurriedly she unfolded her plan, and after some differences of opinion, Dame Hagar agreed to play her part in the hunting drama. Having finally arranged Hagar's role to their mutual satisfaction, Celine hurriedly recounted her day's adventures, saying by way of finale:

"So you see, nurse, I must hasten and send madame's message to her. I shall depend upon you to tell me if Mr. Davlin comes to Belair to-morrow, for I have a fancy that madame will manage, in some way, to prevent his coming to the house, as it was fully settled that he was not to appear at Oakley until summoned to his sister's sick-bed."

"I can easily learn if he appears at his Belair station."

"Exactly; that is all I wish to know."

Now I must go and waylay Mr. Percy. So good night, auntie, and cheer up; our time is coming fast."

"And trouble coming too; God help us."

The girl turned upon her swiftly, with flashing eyes. "Are you afraid? Do you want to give it up?"

"I am afraid for you. But give it up now; never!"

"Brave old nurse!"

The girl flung both arms about the old woman, and kissed her withered cheeks.

"Never fear for me; my star is rising. Don't forget your mission, auntie; good night."

The "good-night" came back over her shoulder, as the girl was hurrying down the cottage steps, and Hagar closed the door behind her, retreating figure.

Here the speaker paused and looked up, but her auditor was gazing moodily into the fire, and never stirred nor spoke.

"Madame was saying," resumed the narrator, "that she was heartily weary of the part she was playing; that this monotonous sickness had her; that they had secured the victims, and fate had been kind enough to remove the only stumbling-block in their path, save the old man

himself; that she considered, my very sensible sensible a direct answer to her pious prayers."

The old woman shuddered and cast a look of horror upon the speaker.

"They had evidently discussed this matter before, and partially settled their plan, only the man seemed to think it was too soon to begin to act. But madame declared that she should do worse if they did not commence operations at once and finally she overruled him."

"Of course," savagely.

"Of course. Well, I now lost a little of their conversation, but I kept the thread of it. You see, I had to move very cautiously, and sometimes fall behind them when the leafage became less thick."

Hagar nodded.

"Their plan was a beautiful one, and they have already set it in motion."

"Already?"

"Already; don't interrupt, please. I will tell you how in good time. First, then, madame is to fall ill—not desperately ill, but just ill enough to be interesting, and to alarm the old man. By the way, Mr. Davlin left this morning for the city; that is one move. He is to remain in the city until after the illness of madame, who is to refuse to receive any of the village doctors. Finally, he is to be sent for, and admitted to bring with him his old family physician, who has just returned from Europe. Well, they come, the brother and the family physician, and you follow me?"

"Yes, yes!" nodding eagerly.

"They come. And the doctor says madame is threatened with a malignant fever, and needs every sort of the fever. It is needless to say that Miss Arthur flies instantly; but the doctor, intervening the half sick, fidgety old man, discovers that he, too, is threatened with the fever. Of course, he cannot leave them."

Old Hagar's eyes were twinkling, and she was bending forward now in an eagerly attentive attitude. "No," she breathed, unconsciously.

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"Yes, yes!" nodding eagerly.

"They come. And the doctor

# THE TIMES

Published Every Friday.

Grayson Block,  
Main Street,  
Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

## THE TIMES PRINTING CO.

Thos. Miller, Manager.

Subscription, \$1.50 per year.

Schedule of Advertising Rates on Application.

Advertisements of Wants, To Let, Lost, Found, etc., when under 1 inch, will be inserted for 50c.; subsequent insertions 25c. each. All transient advertisements, as by law, \$1.00 per line, \$1.50 per column. Assignments and other Government and Corporation notices, inserted once for 12c per line; subsequent insertions 8c.—solid nonpareil measurement.

### JOB PRINTING

Our job printing is equipped with every appliance necessary for turning out first class work at shortest notice. Prices moderate.

## The Moose Jaw Times.

"And what is writ, is writ.—  
Would it were wortlier!" —Byron

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1898.

Now that the threshing season has commenced we desire to draw attention to the fact that one of the many human agencies through which noxious weeds are introduced into previously clean farms is by the moving of threshing machines and other farm implements from place to place. Self-interest should be a sufficient incentive to farmers and owners of threshing machines to see that the machine is thoroughly cleaned before leaving a farm where weeds are known to be prevalent. If threshers would avoid crossing cultivated land as much as possible when travelling they would materially assist in the solving of the noxious weeds problem. Those who are most interested in the destruction of noxious weeds are the farmers, and if they would exercise a little caution along these lines it would do more good than all the theory contained in Government pamphlets, and would greatly help to overcome the growing pest.

Canada is being advertised in the mother country as never before. That her trade is capable of large expansion is indicated by a table published in the Toronto Globe showing that the British market took in 1895 115,539,862 pounds sterling worth of food, of which Canada supplied 8,020,262 pounds stealing worth :

	Total value	Amount supplied	Imported	Plied by	in 1895	Canada
Cereals	£48,397,335	£1,467,119	8,727,151	1,610,453		
Animal food	22,821,907	921,781	22,821,907			
Dressed meat	4,550,459	2,854,101	4,550,459			
Cheese	13,865,357	101,359	13,865,357			
Eggs	3,896,687	104,957	3,896,687			
Fish	2,899,045	55,970	2,899,045			
Fruit, raw	4,736,013	342,334	4,736,013			
Milk, condensed	1,054,664		1,054,664			
Lard	2,863,489	20,764	2,863,489			
Potatoes	1,138,724	111	1,138,724			
Poultry and game	589,022	1,399	589,022			
	£115,539,862	£8,020,262				

The best way to build up a town is to stand by every man in the town who does right. Whenever a man is doing well do not tear him down. All residents should be partners, not opponents. In all likelihood the more business your opponent does the more you will do. Every business man who treats his customers honestly, courteously, and fairly will get his share, and the more business that can be secured by united effort the better it will be for all. When a town ceases to grow it begins to die, and the more people try to kill each other in their business the more readily will utter ruin come to all. Stand together for the advancement of every citizen. If a man shows ability to prosper do not pull him back through jealousy, or weigh him down through a cold indifference—The Ledge.

The grain movement in this district is getting nicely started, though nothing like a rush has yet set in. Last year wheat prices opened high and farmers rushed their threshing and sold their wheat freely. This year the weather has been somewhat broken so that harvest work has been retarded, while many who have threshed refuse to sell their wheat at the price offered. Having had a taste of high prices, and being in a position financially to hold their wheat, they prefer to wait awhile to see what will develop before accepting the price now current, which is about 50c. on a No. 1 Hard basis.

The death of Lieut.-Governor Cameron leaves the North-West Territories without an executive head at a time which, if not critical, is at least in a measure momentous. With the death of the Governor ceased the functions of the Administrator, an administrator in this connection being a substitute, and when there is no principal there can be no substitute. Those who have been anticipating early elections may expect to be obliged to alter their plans. Writs cannot issue until a new Lieut.-Governor is appointed to sanction the issue. The circumstances are such that it behoves the Governor-General-in-Council to lose no time in making the appointment.

### STRAY ANIMALS.

#### The Official List as Advertised in the Latest N. W. T. Gazette.

##### NOTICES OF STRAY ANIMALS.

In herd of C. W. Mickle, Springfield, Alta., gelding (Percheron breed), 6 years old, dapple grey, unbroken, branded C.S. on right thigh.

On premises of R. A. Wembey, Olds, gelding, about 10 years old, sorrel, left eye missing, branded JD and GV on right thigh.

On premises of John McIntyre, Regina, since August 24, 1898, mare, bay, 14½ hands high, branded heart with bar under on nigh shoulder and irregular brand on nigh hip, had lasso on.

On premises of Thos. W. McGrath, Crescent, Assa, 2 fillies, pure black and dark iron grey, been in distinct since early part of last spring.

On premises of C. P. Dermody, Whitewood, since August 2, 1898, mare, bay, white face on forehead, right front and left hind feet white, about 700 lbs.; mare, 2 years old, bay, white stripe on face, branded indistinctly WC on right hind leg, about 750 lbs.

On premises of Chas. Dumont, South Edmonton, since August 1, 1898, gelding, about 7 years old, bay, branded (combination BR) on left shoulder, about 1,200 lbs.; gelding, 7 years old, brown, white stripe on face, branded inverted C on left hip and H on left side, 1,200 lbs.

##### NOTICES OF STRAY ENTIRE ANIMALS.

On premises of Chas. Dumont, South Edmonton, since Aug. 1, 1898, stallion, 2 years old, bay, white hind legs, white stripe on face; about 700 lbs.

On premises of Carson Latimer, Edmonton, since Sept. 8, 1898, stallion, 2 years old or over, branded E on left shoulder, 2 white hind feet, star in forehead, white spot on nose.

##### NOTICES OF IMPOUNDED ANIMALS.

Impounded on premises of Edmonton, Smith, Lumsden, mare, about 5 years old, dark bay, white stripe on face, branded A on nigh shoulder.

Impounded on premises of A.H. Powell, Caron, since August 11, 1898, pony mare, aged, sorrel, with few white hairs, branded S on left hip.

Impounded on premises of H. L. Fysh, Moose Jaw, pony, aged, buckskin, white star on forehead, no brand.

Impounded on premises of Jas. Campbell, Moose Jaw, horse, aged, brown, white star on forehead, no brand.

Impounded on premises of P. Schneider, Langenburg, Assa, 17 head of cattle, all aged, all colors.

Impounded on premises of Albert M. Reynolds, Gainsborough, Assa, 3 spring pigs, black, with white heads.

##### NOTICES OF LOST ANIMALS.

\$10 Reward. Strayed from Indian Head, August 11th, 1897, one dark sorrel horse pony, white face, 2 white hind legs, branded monogram HR on left shoulder, had leather halter on with piece of rope attached; and one light sorrel pony mare, white face, 3 white legs, white spot on left side, branded monogram HR on left shoulder, had leather halter on with piece of rope attached, expected to have footed to Geo. Phillips, Indian Head, Bell Farm.

### ESTEVAN.

We are sorry to learn that one of our school teachers, J. A. Valens, is about to depart from our midst. Owing to the change of the railway divisional point from here to Portal, a goodly number of employees have been ordered from here to Portal, and as some families have already moved, the attendance of pupils at the school has decreased to such an extent that the Trustees consider that one teacher will be sufficient for the present. Mr. Valens commences duties as teacher at Britannia Monday, Oct. 3rd. Rev. W. Brokenshire preached his farewell sermon on Sunday morning to a large congregation, he intends taking a year's study at Queen's College, Kingston, Ont.—Our Christian Endeavor Society is progressing satisfactorily; the meetings are bright, instructive and interesting, and new members are coming in.—Miss Jean in Tate, of Grand Valley, Ont., has been spending a few days with her brother Rev. Frank Tate, Methodist Minister, here. Miss Tate expresses herself as delighted with the country and has made many friends during her stay a meagre us; she is a gifted soprano singer and favored the Endeavor on Wednesday night with a selection. She started for Portage la Prairie on Friday and intends returning to Ontario on Tuesday, Oct. 27th.—Miss J. McFarlane has gone en route for a week's duration with friends at Oxbow. The Misses McFarlane returned to their home in Brandon on Friday.

New Hope for the Dyspeptic.—Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets are the Dyspeptic's haven of rest and cure. They contain no injurious drug or narcotic, won't hurt the most delicate and sensitive stomach, aid digestion, stop fermentation of the food, good for the blood, good for the nerves, good for the brain, make flesh increase, cure the stomach, 35 cents.

# Buy the Best

## Flour



**Best Souris Flour  
will now be sold at  
prices as low as the  
poorest flour . . . .**

## CALL AND GET PRICES

....Before ordering your Winter Supply.

## R. BOGUE.

### A Sanguine London Old Boy.

(From the London Advertiser.)

Among the London "Old Boys" who were unable to participate in the recent demonstration in this city was Hon. J. H. Ross, a native Londoner, who has made a name for himself as one of the pioneer statesmen of the North West Territories. Mr. Ross has been Speaker of the North West Assembly, and he is Commissioner of Agriculture in the present Administration of the Territories. He has been in public life for a long time, yet he is a young man, and bids fair to have a long period of usefulness before him. One thing that will aid in keeping him youthful is his native enthusiasm which he is turning to good account in advancing the interests of his adopted home. He was one of the speakers at a banquet given to newspaper men from the United States at Regina, the other day, and he delivered a speech that was full of information and of great interest on the position and future prospects of the Northwest. He pointed out how prosperous the settlers were who had made their homes on the fertile prairies, and he said that was almost superfluous, as the visitors could see the condition of the people for themselves and he enlarged on the attractions which Canada's vacant lands and healthy climate ought to have for the people of the overcrowded portions of both the old and the new world. When Mr. Ross, the visitor came into the North-West Territories, they possibly had an idea that there was a very limited wheat area, that was that the southern portion of the country only had the conditions for successful wheat raising. He would tell them however that they were only upon the fringe of the territory, and only on the southern boundary of the wheat area. He had occasion to visit the northern portion of the country a week or two ago. Five hundred miles of where they now sat he noticed fields of wheat, oats, and barley, and in speaking about Slave Lake to people who had been there many years, he was told that 400 miles north of them, on the Vermillion and Peace Rivers, grain had been grown successfully for fifteen years. So 900 miles north of where they now sat grain had been successfully grown for many years. Indeed he did not think it lay in the mouth of any man to say where the limit of wheat growing successfully was in the North-West Territories.

With a Commissioner of agriculture possessing the intelligence and enthusiasm of Mr. Ross, we are not surprised to learn that the Northwest is making very substantial progress, and that the visiting newspaper tourists from the United States, not only so reported when they returned home, but many of them strongly advised such of their readers as mediated a change of scene to go to Canada, as the very best country, under the new order of things that could be chosen.

If life is worth having it is worth taking care of. Recklessness does not pay, either in our work or in our play. When a young man who has been killed while performing some reckless act, or in a toboggan or at some other hazardous sport, their sympathy is mixed with surprise that any human being should take such a recklessly risk life.

There are thousands of men who are recklessly risking their lives while they go about their common every-day avocations. They over-work, they do not take time to rest, they do not sleep or sleep on rest, or to care for their health. Outraged nature throws out danger signals, to which they pay no heed. They suffer from bilious or nervous disorders, from cold chills, flushings of heat, shortness of breath, blottches on the skin, loss of appetite, &c., &c. These symptoms are the advance symptoms of serious and fatal maladies.

All disorders of this nature are cured by Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It restores the lost appetite, gives sound and restful sleep, makes the skin perfect, purifies the liver active. It purifies the blood and makes it rich with the life-giving elements of the food. It is the great blood-maker and flesh-builder. It makes the body active and the brain keen. It is the best of nerve tonics. Thousands have testified to its merits. No honest dealer will urge us to make a special statement for the little extra profit it may afford.

The man or woman who neglects constitution is gathering in the system a store of disorders that will culminate in some serious and possibly fatal malady. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are a safe, sure, speedy and permanent cure for constipation. One little pellet is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic.

closing of the school with the Lord's prayer, the reading of a selection of scripture and the singing of a hymn.

The next regular meeting will be held at Indian Head the first Wednesday of March, 1899.

J. W. Muirhead, Clerk.

Whitewood, Sept. 29th, 1898.

OFFENSIVE EVEN TO MYSELF.

Was My Catarch—Dr. Agnew's Catarchal Powder Detroned It After Twenty Years Reign.

F. A. Bottoms, druggist, Cokeshire, P. Q.; says: "For 20 years I suffered from catarrh. My breath was very offensive even to myself. During that time I tried every thing that came my way which promised me a cure. In almost all instances I had to proclaim them no good at all. I was induced to try Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. I got relief instantly after first application. It cured me and I am free from all the effects of it. I am a thorough believer in its curative powers."

### Town Council.

At the regular meeting of the town council on Monday evening, communications were received from Wm. Grayson, re wrong assessment of a lot; H. Walker, cancelling his engagement as policeman; H. Battell and J. C. DeGraw, applying for inspectorship; J. W. Ferguson, account for repairing bridges; A. Robertson, for watching quarantined houses; and G. B. Sharpe, for advertising tax sale in the North-West Gazette; and a petition from C. L. Ross and others, asking that Fairford Street East be graded. The resignation of Harry Walker was accepted and H. Battell appointed in his stead. The accounts of Archie Robertson (\$4,000); G. B. Sharp (\$7,45); and J. W. Ferguson (\$4,000) were ordered to be paid. The Chairman of the Board of Works was authorized to secure graders for necessary improvements. The plan of J. H. Kern's new hotel was submitted and approved by the Council. The by-law re borrowing money \$1,000 was put through its final stages, and the by-law re fast driving on streets was read the first time.

### YOUNG AT SEVENTY.

Indigestion and Stomach Troubles Removed by South American Nervine—Four Bottles Brought Back Health and Vigor.

Mr. Jas. Sherwood, of Windsor, Ont., writes: "For twelve months I was a great sufferer from indigestion and stomach trouble. After trying other remedies without any benefit whatever, I was attracted to South American Nervine. Four bottles brought back health and vigor.

A second hand Winchester or Martin repeating rifle. State condition, model and price to P.O. 102, TIMES OFFICE, Moose Jaw.

14 15

### AGENTS WANTED.

To sell our monuments throughout Manitoba and the North-West Territories. Something new. Secure your territory at once. Big profits. THE METALLIC MONUMENT CO., of Toronto, Limited, 341 Yonge Street, Toronto.

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A second hand Winchester or Martin repeating rifle. State condition, model and price to P.O. 102, TIMES OFFICE, Moose Jaw.

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### PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

For anything in this line you should consult the well-designed who make it their business and are now prepared to give attention to all work entrusted to them. Good workmanship at moderate charges.

### BUSINESS CARDS.

Under this head Business Cards not exceeding one inch, ten dollars per annum.

W. M. GRATTON, Barrister, Advocate, & Coroner, Notary Public, etc., Office Main St., Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

Agent for the Canada Northwest Land Company, Limited, and the Trustees of Moose Jaw Town Site.

W. B. WILLOUGHBY, R.A. L.L.C.

Barrister, Solicitor, Advocate, etc., Bellamy Street, Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

T. C. JOHNSTONE,

Barrister, Solicitor, Advocate, etc., Office Cor. South St. & Ross St., Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

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Open each month from 2nd to last.

Normal and Best States of Work.

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Antislavery and Valentine.

Manitoba Street, Moose Jaw, Assin.

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## OUR OTTAWA LETTER

### THE FUTURE OF CANADA'S NORTHERN GOLD FIELDS

#### Canada's Opportunity - A Good Trade Barometer. The Quebec Conference and The Yukon Liquor Controversy.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Ottawa, Oct. 1. It would be difficult to find a better illustration of the utter unreliability of all kinds of "news" items from the Klondike than has been given this week in connection with the alleged regularization of the liquor traffic in the Yukon. Tuesday's press dispatches announced that Mr. Bullock, the member of the N. W. T. Executive, who had been sent by the Territorial Government into the gold district for the purpose of looking after their interests in the regulating of the liquor traffic, reported the result of his mission to the Assembly. In the course of his report he stated that Major Walsh, the Federal Commissioner, had interfered with his mission in every way, had obstructed the administration of the law and had, as a result introduced a reign of free whiskey and all law and order had been set at defiance. So startling a story did Mr. Bullock present that Premier Hautain declared from his seat in the House amid cheers, that if the Major could not be proceeded against under the criminal code, he would feel it his duty to have him impeached next Session at the bar of the House of Commons.

#### THE MAJOR'S SPEECH.

The next day a Brockville dispatch gives Major Walsh's side of the story, and presents the situation in an entirely differently light, showing that Mr. Bullock had deliberately transgressed the regulations after a fair warning from the Major whose authority no one else questions, and that whatever trouble and confusion had arisen in the matter was entirely due to the ill-considered action of the representative of the Territorial Government. As to the threat of impeachment the ex Commissioner evidently scarcely considered it worthy of notice.

There is no intention or desire here to express any opinion upon the merits of this controversy; it is a question of the limitations of authority which can be settled by experts. The purpose in calling attention to the incident is to illustrate how absolutely worthless incorroborated stories from that far off section must be, when two well known and thoroughly responsible public men, speaking in their official capacities, give such totally different versions of the same story.

#### THE QUEBEC CONFERENCE.

The Quebec Conference is once more under way but this week's deliberations, according to all accounts have not resulted in any definite conclusions being arrived at. The proceedings outside of the Conference Chamber are apparently more interesting than what goes on behind closed doors. Social events that have marked this week have been of unusual brilliancy. The unveiling of the Champlain monument on Wednesday was an imposing event of historic significance, and a series of social entertainments, very gay and otherwise, has kept the old city gay.

The representatives of the various and varied interests likely to be affected by the deliberations, are arriving on every train. The most important during the past few days were the Premier of Ontario and his colleague Hon. G. W. Ross, the Provincial Ministers, and gone down on behalf of Ontario business interests and they will no doubt make it clear to the British Commissioners that the Province is not prepared to make concessions to the Michigan lumbermen without an ample quid pro quo.

The manufacturing interests of the Dominion are being ably represented by Hon. N. Clarke Wallace, ex-Controller of Customs, who is at the Ancient Capital as the accredited representative of the Manufactures Association, and numerous other delegations from both countries are closely watching the proceedings and keeping respective representatives thoroughly posted from their individual stand points.

#### A GOOD TRADE BAROMETER.

No true indication of trade can be found than the amount of business handled by the railways. During the past three or four weeks there has been a great increase in the freight traffic between Eastern Canada and the Pacific coast, the total being away ahead of the same season last year. Business on the coast was never so good according to the reports of the representatives of the Eastern houses, who are returning from their semi annual Western trips. In dry goods, household furniture and certain lines of

estibles, the demand is greatly in excess of previous seasons, while the indications for the miners outfitting trade during the coming winter would appear to indicate an expectation of even a greater rush than last season. Owing to the partial failure of the salmon harvest the returning freight from the West is somewhat below the average but this is a comparatively small matter in the grand total of business being done.

It is satisfactory to find that the year business so far shows a substantial increase to both of the great trunk lines, the total business to September 14th, being \$82,636,235 as against \$80,755,717 an increase of \$2,180,518.

#### CANADA'S OPPORTUNITY.

The Governor General's address at the opening of the Ottawa Exhibition may be taken as an indication of the character that he will give Canada upon his return to the Old Country. Lord Aberdeen's personal faith in the future of the Dominion is eloquently shown in the manner in which he has invested his own money in British Columbia and the result of his recent trip to his ranches in the West appears to have still further strengthened his original favorable opinion. His Excellency's estimates of the capabilities of the country to produce every variety of natural supplies and the report of the Hon. Minister of Agriculture who followed him on the programme as to the vast markets awaiting those products in the old land combined to present as splendid an outlook for Canada's trade as the most exacting could desire to have offered them.

#### THE FUTURE OF THE YUKON.

An interesting visitor to the capital this week has been Mr. E. G. Woodford, formerly the State Engineer of the Transvaal Republic, who is on his way to England after a professional visit to Dawson City. There are few men better qualified to speak upon the indications for the future of the Canadian gold fields, and Mr. Woodford's opinion is therefore particularly valuable. He is very enthusiastic over the prospect of permanence in the mining industries of the far North West, giving as his emphatic belief that there is gold bearing quartz under the surface in the Yukon which will make it of lasting value. He states further that beside the quartz mining there are miles and miles of territory which can only be worked by wealthy corporations operating with hydraulic machinery and his report to English capitalists on these lines will undoubtedly have a splendid effect upon the future of the Yukon.

#### FREIGHT RATES.

Reference has already been made in these letters to the concessions secured by the Government from the Canadian Pacific Railway when the Crows' Nest Pass railway charter was granted, and as the season progresses the intrinsic value of these concessions become more and more apparent. Of last year's crop, the railway carried 13,000,000 bushels to Fort William, upon which one and one-half cents reduction of freight rates would have meant over \$200,000; this year the indications are that the grain carried will be at least fifty percent, of an increase on last year, which means, now that the first reduction of one and one-half cents per bushel is in force, that for this season alone the farmers will save over \$300,000. Next year another one and one-half cents is to be taken off, so that even if the crop were not larger the saving would be \$400,000. As, however, the output is rapidly increasing each year it is not to much to expect that within a couple of years the farmers of the West will be saving a million dollars annually in cold cash through this concession secured for them from the railway by the Government.

#### ANOTHER BIG CONCESSION.

Another feature of the charter, which is only secondary to that just mentioned, is the clause which provides for the right of way through the Pass for all future competitors, and already this is bearing fruit for a charter is now in existence granted to the Manitoba & Pacific Railway Company, which proposes to run a line from Portage la Prairie through Belcourt and on to Lethbridge, where it will meet and on to the Crows' Nest Pass.

The future of this section is assured and possibilities are simply innumerable. Nothing has retarded the development of the West so much in the past as the railway monopoly, and nothing will help on its future rapid development so much as free access, untrammeled by exacting restrictions, to all points where healthy competitive business can be secured.

It is worth also to remember that this with other concessions were secured by the Laurier Government at the cost of \$11,000 a mile bonus, instead of what would have undoubtedly proved a \$25,000 a mile bonus without any compensating concessions, as had been agreed upon by Sir Charles Tupper.

#### A HOUSE DIVIDED AGAINST ITSELF.

Rabid partisan papers are always in danger of making themselves foolish by careless editing which allows facts to creep into their news columns that are at variance with the views expressed editorially. A few days ago, for instance, a western paper quotes a certain gentleman who tells in pathetic language of his misfortune and woes on the Teslin Lake route, and adds editorially that the Stikine River route is in competition. In the new edition of the very same issue of the same paper appears an expert report from Mr. Caste, chief engineer of the Public Works Department, who "has been engaged looking over the Stikine-Teslin Lake route, the practicability of which he affirms, etc." The editor in chief should let his news editor look over advance proofs of editorial matter that his facts may be made to agree therewith.

#### REGISTRAR - BUT NOT OF MINES.

A number of papers still persist in referring to Mr. F. C. Wade as the "Registrar of Mines" in the Yukon, and quote the Canadian Gazette as stating that he has been appointed "Registrar of the Yukon district and Crown Attorney." The latter is correct, and the former is totally inaccurate. The registrarship is a legal position in a civil court similar to that of the clerk of the court in a criminal court, and this is the position held by Mr. Wade. He has had no more to do with the work that would appear to a registrar of mines than the clerk of the court in any other part of Canada would have to do with the work of a county registry which is generally well informed, can so persistently be in error on a simple matter like this is not easy to understand.

#### ALL THEIR TROUBLE DISAPPEARING.

The Opposition of the Local Legislature ought to be in a supremely happy

frame of mind to-day for its two great grievances, the two crying injustices that were making life unbearable, have, in the one case ceased to exist altogether and in the other to be so greatly modified as to be practically removed. The full bench of judges in the Court of Appeals has declared with startling unanimity that there is not and never should have been a question as to the right of election constables to vote, thus removing one of Mr. Whitney's troubles. The election trial in South Ontario proved beyond all reasonable doubt that Hon. John Dryden would never have been defeated by fair means and thus their second trouble, of having Ministers without seats, is a long way towards being remedied.

#### A PUEBLA POLICY.

Speaking seriously though, it surely must occur to the Conservative members of the Local House as it certainly has to the vast majority of their supporters outside, and their policy upon both these subjects in fact their entire behavior since the poll was declared on the first of last March has been puerile, undignified, and unstatesmanlike. But, while this is so universally recognised by the rank and file it does take one's breath away to find the Mail-Emire referring to the whole business as a "subordinate question." It passes the imagination of man to even guess the state of mind that would bring real importance would bring Mr. Whitney to, when "a subordinate question" has got him so fearfully excited.

#### THIS DOES NOT LOOK LIKE CONTROL.

The time honored and hoary headed allegation that the C. P. R. controls the Government and as a consequence owns the country has received a serious body blow from the recent arrangement between the Government and the Grand Trunk Railway by which the latter will handle the Intercolonial west bound freight. The late administration had entered into an agreement which compelled all the Intercolonial west bound freight to pass into the hands of the C. P. R. at St. John's, N. B., but when that arrangement terminated a few weeks ago, the Government dealt with the matter of a renewal upon straight business lines regarding the most favorable terms which as happens was the G. T. R. It is anticipated that the new arrangement will very greatly increase the business of the Government road, in fact, Mr. Reva the General Traffic Manager of the G. T. R. estimates that it will double its revenue, thus proving one more link in the chain of improved conditions that are, confidently expected to eventually make this road a paying instead of a losing property. Incidentally it may be pointed out that this is a further exemplification of the foresight and wisdom of the Government in extending the Intercolonial to Montreal.

Women are not the only ones who are sensitive about their age. A man doesn't like to be told that he is getting old. Health keeps a man young. It doesn't make any difference if he has lived eighty years. If they have been healthy he will be hale and hearty and won't look within twenty years old as he is. Good digestion and rich, red blood make people look youthful. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medien discovery makes rich red blood. It makes health in the right way. It works according to the right theory, and in 35 years of practice, it has proved that the theory is absolutely correct. It begins at the beginning, begins by putting the stomach, liver and bowels into perfect order, but it begins its good work on the blood before it finishes with the digesive system. It searches out disease germs wherever they may be and forces them out of the body. All druggists keep the "Discovery."

#### WILL DIE BEFORE DAYLIGHT.

Would Have Been Her Answer to Your Query - When? But Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart Snapped the Death Strings.

Mrs. B. 186 Queen Street W., Toronto, gives this unsolicited testimony: "For a number of years I had been a great sufferer from heart troubles, had smothering sensations, palpitation, neuralgia, thumping, was very easily fatigued. I was induced to try Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart when I had despaired living through the night. The benefit was instantaneous. I have taken five bottles and have no hesitation in heartily recommending it, and will be glad to communicate with any one desiring it." Sold by W. W. Bole.

#### NOTICE TO STOCK-RAISERS.

Arrangements have been made by this Department whereby stock-raisers and farmers in the Territories can import, under Government supervision, through the cable, purchases of live stock from Ontario, at unit cost of Five Dollars per head for transportation to nearest railroad points, including care on journeys.

Particulars as to conditions under which such importation will be made may be obtained by applying to the undersigned.

By order,

CHAS. W. PETERSON, Deputy Commissioner, Department of Agriculture, Regina, N.W.T.

13-16.

#### NOTICE.

TENDERS FOR GRADING ROAD.

Tenders will be received, addressed to the Commissioner of Public Works, Regina, up to October the 10th instant, and marked "Tenders for grading roads for government roads in the route allowed between Township 17 and 18, Range 28, west 2 Meridian. The grading is to be performed with the road grading machine which will be supplied, and the contractor is to furnish all teams and men necessary to operate the machine. The road is to be graded in accordance with the provisions of the Overseers of Local Improvement Districts, and the work to be completed by November 5th proximo.

J. S. DENNIS, Deputy Commissioner, Public Works, Department of Public Works, Regina, October 1st, 1888.

13-16.

#### NOTICE.

TENDERS FOR SUPPLYING TEAMS FOR GRADING.

Tenders will be received, addressed to the Commissioner of Public Works, Regina, and marked "Tenders for supplying teams," up to October the 10th instant, and marked "Tenders for using teams and grading machine in grading roads in the vicinity of Moose Jaw. The contractor will be expected to supply good teams and drivers, and to pay the cost of the keep of such teams and drivers during the time they are employed. The price quoted should be a price per day for each team and driver.

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# A SOUTHERN CYCLONE.

WIND BLOWING FROM FIFTY TO SEVENTY MILES AN HOUR.

The Rice Crop Almost a Total Loss—Shipping Badly Damaged—Great Loss of Life.

Savannah, Ga., Oct. 2.—For eighteen hours past Savannah has been in the grasp of a western cyclone. During that time the wind blew steadily, from fifty to seventy miles an hour. While the city escaped with comparatively little damage, the loss of property among the sea islands of Georgia and South Carolina coasts is believed to be heavy. For miles the rice fields around Savannah, the lowlands along the river, are submerged. Only one fatality has so far been reported—the drowning of a negro while attempting to reach the mainland from a small island near Thunderbolt—but heavy loss of life is feared from the South Carolina sea islands, where such fearful loss of life occurred during the great tidal storm of 1893. The conditions are similar to those during that storm. Owing to the submerged country and the isolated location of the islands, no news can be had from them until the water subsides. For eight miles south of Savannah the entire country is a lake, with only the hummocks visible. At noon the water was eight feet above the high-tide. Driven on shore by the northeast storm, it filled upon the islands, swept over the banks and dams, carrying away the remnant of the rice crop that was left by the August storm that had not been gathered, and wiping out farm crops. The loss to rice growers alone will be from \$50,000 to \$75,000. Of the entire rice crop along the Savannah river, valued at \$250,000, all but 15 per cent was lost in this and the preceding storm. The damage to shipping is considerable. The wharves at the quarantine station at the entrance to the river here was partially carried away. The quarantine officer and his family and servants were rescued early in the day by a tug. Four vessels which were at anchor at the station were torn from their moorings and driven into the marshes. Three of these were the British schooner *Syamara*, from St. John, N. B.; the United States schooner *Middleville*, N. J., and *Fannie L. Child* for Boston, all having laden, and the Italian bark *Franklin*. How badly these vessels are damaged is unknown. No news has been received from Tybee since early in the morning, and nothing is known of the damage there. The extent to which the railroads suffered is not fully known. Telegraph wires are down, and the condition of the railroad tracks is unknown. The telephone, police light and fire alarm wires are down and the city is in darkness.

## MINERS HOLD UP A TRAIN

White Men at Sorrento, Ill., Resent Imposition of Negroes.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 30.—The sheriff at Pana, Ill., where there is trouble between imported negroes and union miners, telegraphed Governor Tanner at 5 a. m. today to send 300 rifles to have the weapons at Pana by 7 a. m. The governor said the request would not be complied with. According to information received by the local miners' union one hundred negroes are on the way to Sorrento from Mercer county, Ill., to take union miners' places in the coal mines. Immediately upon receipt of this information an alarm was sent to neighboring towns for the miners of that place are determined that the blacks shall not gain a toothhold there. Three hundred and fifty armed white miners have already arrived at Sorrento.

Tower Hill, Ws., Sept. 30.—Three hundred striking union miners from Pana today held up a special train on the Ohio and Southwestern, which was carrying fifty Washington, Ind., negro miners to Pana to take the place of union miners. The negroes were taken from the cars and compelled to walk back to Tower Hill, where they were locked in the depot until one o'clock tonight. At that hour the negroes were placed on an east bound train and taken to Indiana at the expense of the union. The hold up of the train was perfectly executed and was a bold stroke on the part of the miners. Sheriff Coburn's forces of rescuers had not arrived at a late hour.

The militia paraded the business streets of Pana tonight.

## Attacked by a Lion.

Burke, Mont., Oct. 2.—Walter Blanchard, better known as Zeek Walters, the animal trainer with Lehman Bros. circus, was attacked in the lion cage by one of the lions who fell him with a blow on the head with its paw and continued the attack as he lay prostrate. Walters grabbed one of the bars of the cage and drew himself to his feet, at the same time attempting to fight off the brute. Almost blinded by blood from the wounds in his head, Walters dragged himself to the door at the rear of the cage. Unfastening it, he leaped to the street and fell unconscious to the ground, the door slamming shut after his exit, thus preventing the escape of the animals. Walters' back is terribly lacerated. The doctors say he cannot live.

## The Philippine Republic.

Manila, Sept. 29.—At Malolos today Aguinaldo will formally inaugurate the republic of the Philippines by a great celebration. Invitations have been extended to the principal army officers and newspaper correspondents here. A thousand natives will attend. The dictator will review his army and will probably issue proclamations to the nations of the world setting forth the intentions of his government.

The transport Arizona, having on board navy recruits and an immense lot of mail, arrived today. This is the first home mail for several months. There has been much adverse comment over the lack of mail facilities, and the army of occupation is rejoicing that letters have arrived at last.

## LUCHEMI THE ASSASSIN.

Well Treated in Prison—The Punishment Which Awaits Him.

London, Oct. 1.—The extraordinary lax treatment of the anarchist assassin of the Empress of Austria, the Italian Lucheni, in the prison of St. Antoine, Geneva, Switzerland, is causing much remark. He is allowed wine, cigars, letters and newspapers, spends money and gives newspaper interviews. In fact, he is treated like the man of the prison. The usual trial has been adjourned for the first week in November. He will be sentenced to solitary confinement for life. Only one man has hitherto undergone this punishment, which has more terrors than capital punishment. The prisoner is confined in an underground cell, into which no sunshine ever penetrates. He is not allowed a bed, must sleep on the ground, and is only permitted to exercise once a week in the prison yard.

## A SEA OF FLAMES.

Northern Wisconsin Forests Are in a Blaze.

St. Paul, Sept. 29.—Many square miles of northern Wisconsin are one great sea of flames from forest fires. The loss to lumbermen is enormous, millions of feet of pine being destroyed every hour. The city of Barron, on the "Soo" line, has already roared by St. Paul and Chippewa Falls, and has been saved after twelve hours' hard work by the citizens. It was reported here this afternoon that both towns had been destroyed, but this was an error. Large quantities of grain and farm machinery, as well as considerable stock, has been burned. The fire departments of Chippewa Falls, Eau Claire and Menomonie have been called upon for help from nearly every small town in the fire district. Late to-night word comes that Cumberland, 1,500 population; Clayton and Alameda, 300 population each, and Possum 200 population, have been lost, and Clear Lake nearly destroyed. No loss of life is yet reported. The property loss at Eau Claire is \$225,000. Rain came in time to save part of the town. Five children were burned to death in a farm house near Cumberland.

## PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

Vancouver, Oct. 2.—The steamer *Fastnet* arrived from the north with half a million in gold on board. There was a million on the wharf when the steamer left. New strikes are reported on Dominion Creek, Yukon navigation is closed.

Vancouver, Oct. 2.—H. M. Kersey, general manager of the Yukon Steamship company, arrived here today with \$50,000 in gold nuggets for exhibition purposes. J. B. Rhodes, of Portland, Ore., bought \$60,000 in dust and W. Caldwell, of Portland, \$80,000.

Vancouver, Oct. 2.—The C. P. R. will establish another trans-Pacific line. The steamers *Tartar* and *Athenian*, of over 4,500 tons, will run between Vancouver and Vladivostok, the terminal of the Trans-Canadian line and Trans-Asian line respectively. The *Athenian* will sail first, leaving here with lumber and rails, for the Siberian line, and then proceeding to Seattle and Portland, where grain will probably be placed aboard for famine stricken Russians.

Bankers have decided to establish a clearing house at Vancouver, business thoroughly warranting the step. The mining outlook in this province is better than ever, new deals being reported weekly. The Cariboo Hydraulic Co. has just made a cleanup of \$30,000, while today a claim for \$24,000 was paid over by J. B. MacLaren for controlling interest in the Providence mine, Harrison Lake.

An important discovery has been made of auriferous conglomerates on Bear Lake, north of Tacla Lake, by William MacKinnon, engineer in charge of a party sent to the upper Skeena river, by Charles F. Law, of this city. The deposits are ancient placers afterwards consolidated, and tilted at high angles, and by volcanic disturbances. The gold is quite free, and can be panned from the conglomerates when crushed. These deposits are similar to those of the Black Hills in Dakota, and the basket reefs of the Rand district, South Africa.

## Lord Kitchener's Report.

London, Sept. 30.—The Gazette today prints Lord Kitchener's report of the Omdurman expedition. The Sirdar praises his subordinates, naming several hundred of them and warmly commends the commissary, medical and transport departments and the "excellent rations which were always provided and kept the men strong and fit to endure the hardships of an arduous campaign, enabling them at a critical moment to support exceptional fatigue and continuous march and fighting for fourteen hours during the height of the Soudan summer."

## Object to the Ruling.

Montreal, Sept. 28.—Many Catholics are much excited over the order from the colonial office forbidding British subjects to wear foreign orders and decorations without the permission of the Queen. Ex-Mayor Beaupre, who is a member of the French legion of honor, says he will continue to wear the French and Papal decorations regardless of the ruling. L. O. David, city clerk, who has been honored by the French Academy, says no doubt the French Academy can legally forbid the wearing of decorations, but he cannot see the expediency. J. F. Perrault, Lieut. Col. Hughes, Recorder De Montigny and others who possess foreign orders, speak in a similar strain. It will be remembered that the point was raised by Sir Charles Tupper in commons during the session of 1887 in reference to Sir Wilfrid Laurier's honors from France, and the ruling was recently handed out by the colonial office.

Some men are too stubborn to acknowledge the corn until you step on their toes.

## RESULT OF THE VOTES

### CAST AT THE PROHIBITION PLEBISCITE THURSDAY.

All the Large Cities Reject Prohibition But Maritime Provinces

#### Favor It.

Toronto, Sept. 29.—The net result of today's plebiscite is to give a majority for prohibition of the vote cast throughout the Dominion, but the vote cast was only a small per centage of the total possible vote. The majority for prohibition is chiefly in the maritime provinces and probably Manitoba. If Ontario and Quebec are taken together there is probably a majority against and this makes any legislation out of the question, even if the light vote did not do so.

It is not too much to say that the Prohibitionists of Toronto, in fact, of Ontario generally, received a severe set back by the result in this province, and particularly in this city, of to-day's voting. It had been confidently predicted that the result of 1894, when a majority in favor of prohibition of 2,500 was given in this city, and of \$80,000 in the province, would be sustained at least and probably improved upon. It would seem, however, that the business interests of the larger communities have been aroused to the commercial risks of a prohibition law and it is a remarkable fact that only one city in Ontario, namely Brantford, has on this occasion given a majority in favor of prohibition. In 1894 thirteen cities of Ontario gave a majority in favor of prohibition, amounting to about 8,400. To-day the same cities gave a majority against prohibition of 8,200, Toronto contributing 3,250 of that figure. The maritime provinces have gone overwhelmingly in favor of prohibition, the majorities in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia being very large. Quebec offsets this pretty well, with a majority of 30,000 against.

Ontario's estimated majority against prohibition is from five to ten thousand, but returns are still very meager from many localities and this is not very certain. It is thought that when the west has been heard from the net result will leave a balance in favor of prohibition, something less than ten thousand, but this figure may be increased to 20,000.

Anti-prohibitionists of Toronto are very well satisfied with the result, but leaders of the prohibition party speak hopefully, and say this is but the beginning of the battle, which must be waged till they win. There was no speech-making by either side.

#### AN OTTAWA ESTIMATE.

Ottawa, Sept. 29.—The result in Ottawa was a keen disappointment to the prohibitionists, who frankly admitted that the cause has received a set back which removes it from the sphere of practical politics for the present. They concede that it would be useless to enact and try to enforce a prohibitory law while the large cities remain hostile to the principle. For the adverse majority of 7,000, the French-Canadian vote in the lower town is largely responsible. The situation at 11 o'clock appears to be as follows. Nova Scotia, 18,000 for New Brunswick, 15,000; Prince Edward Island, 3,000, maritime provinces 36,000 for; Quebec probably the same number against. In Ontario there are heavy prohibitionist losses; all the cities except Brantford are against; the medium sized towns are about evenly divided. The country districts go prohibition heavily, probably 8,000 or 10,000 in Ontario.

One of the most interesting features of the vote was the different attitude of the cities of Ontario from that taken in the provincial plebiscite of 1894. Four years ago they gave a majority for prohibition of 8,246; to-day they gave a total majority of 8,160.

The following shows the results of the two plebiscites for the cities of Ontario. In cases of where the full figures are not to hand the majority for or against is given, leaving the net result the same.

	For	Agst.	For	Agst.
1894	1894	1898	1898	1898
Bellefonte	985	585	—	72
Brantford	1705	694	152	1142
Chatham	332	—	444	97
Guelph	1018	650	759	779
Hamilton	4131	2805	2997	5244
Kingston	1396	948	1148	1565
London	2741	1819	2480	3465
Ottawa	2867	2081	—	707
Stratford	711	727	—	268
St. Thomas	825	735	735	1081
St. Catharines	629	468	—	465
Toronto	11334	8791	8696	11950
Windsor	671	779	—	640

Total ... 29237 20991 18441 2674  
Majority for in 1894—8,246.  
Majority against in 1898, 8,343.

#### RESULT IN MONTREAL.

Montreal, Sept. 29.—Montreal gave a decided voice against prohibition. In five city divisions and Hochelaga Maisonneuve, which are suburbs, there is total majority of 11,878 in opposition. The great English speaking division of St. Antoine alone gave a majority in favor, and that was a small one of 194. In Amherst and English, but with larger French population, St. Antoine, and it was against. St. Lawrence, where the population is usually divided, the French division were overwhelmingly opposed. The figures are as follows:

St. Anne's division—1,089 for, 1,301 against.

St. Antoine—1,414 for, 1,220 against.

St. James—439 for, 303 against.

St. Lawrence—1,056 for, 2,329 against.

St. Marys—455 for, 2,621 against.

Hochelaga—1,345 for, 2,553 against.

Maisonneuve—543 for, 5,154 against.

Total for 6,641; against 18,219.

St. Antoine gave a majority of 194 in favor of prohibition, but all other divisions against, as follows:

St. Anne—2,122 for, 1,089 against.

St. James—2,592 for, 1,301 against.

St. Lawrence—1,283 for, 1,056 against.

St. Marys—2,166 for, 1,345 against.

Hochelaga—1,208 for, 1,345 against.

Maisonneuve—4,611 for, 543 against.

Total majority for, 194.

Total majority against, 12,072.

Total against prohibition, 11,878.

The prohibitionists were well organized in the English divisions, but not

at all in most of the others. Every saloon was wide open, and all a rushing trade. The Citizens' League detectives have made out cases against three well known saloon-keepers charged with violating the Dominion election act by selling liquor during the taking of the vote.

#### SLOW RETURNS.

Revised Figures Showing the Plebiscite Vote in the Cities.

Toronto, Sept. 30.—The following revised returns show the results in the various cities of Canada. Majorities are given against prohibition in the case save St. John, Halifax, Winnipeg and Brantford:

Cities.	Majority For.	Majority Against.
Montreal	—	11878
Toronto	—	3254
Quebec	—	6114
Hamilton	—	1532
Ottawa	—	707
St. John	1745	—
Halifax	1508	—
London	—	985
Winnipeg	528	—
Kingston	—	417
Victoria	—	773
Vancouver	—	286
Brantford	440	—
Charlottetown	—	668
Hall	—	1100
Guelph	—	20
St. Thomas	—	346
Windsor	—	649
Bellefonte	—	72
St. Catharines	—	465
Chatham	—	153

## CANADIAN NEWS.

Halifax, Sept. 29.—The steamer *Siberian*, which arrived today from Liverpool, brought 143 British marines for the British squadron on the Pacific coast. The men left for the far west this afternoon.

Ottawa, Sept. 29.—John Doyle, of Ferguson's Falls, near Perth, who has been a Dawson for two years, says the yarns about official corruption are the result of jealousy. He says any one who charges Fawcett with crookedness does not know what he is talking about.

Montreal, Sept. 28.—Arrangements for taking over most of the breweries in this district by an English syndicate are almost completed and a well known brewer leaves for England in a few days to close the deal. The breweries in the deal are Davies', the Canadian Union, Ekers', Montreal and Star, Molson's and Dow's breweries will remain outside the combine.

Brisbane, Queensland, Sept. 28.—Hon. Joseph Byrnes, premier of Queensland, is dead.

Woodstock, Sept. 28.—Launcelot N. Middleton, alias Alex. McDonald, the alleged railway swindler and bigamist, was placed on trial this morning in the county judges' criminal court for Oxford on charges of bigamy and false pretences. He was found guilty and sentenced to seven years' imprisonment.

## CANADIAN NOTES.

Montreal, Sept. 28.—By the terms of the will of the late Michael McCready of Montreal, his brother Bernard, of Ottawa, comes into a fortune of \$100,000. The deceased left no family and willed the whole of his estate to his brother save a small annuity.

Montreal, Sept. 28.—Jean Baptiste Guillemain, convicted of the murder of Jean Baptiste Laplante, his uncle, entered St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary yesterday to serve a life sentence at the age of 20. He was to have been hanged on Friday on a unanimous verdict of the jury which tried him and found him guilty, but his sentence was commuted.

Ottawa, Sept. 28.—John Doyle, of Ferguson's Falls, near Perth, who has been a Dawson for two years, says the yarns about official corruption are the result of jealousy. He says any one who charges Fawcett with crookedness does not know what he is talking about.

Montreal, Sept. 28.—Arrangements for taking over most of the breweries in this district by an English syndicate are almost completed and a well known brew

MOOSE JAW, N.W.T.

SAVED.

Sunlight from the sky was fading on a prairie far out west. And the train was swiftly gliding at the engineer's best. Passengers were calmly seated—reading, thinking, talking some. One lady in the corner gently masticated gum. Toward their destination speeding, what thought they of perils grim? On the platform stood a brakeman caroling an evening hymn. With a jar the engine slackened, slackened all the length of the train, and they heard the sound of voices using words that were profane. Then the coach door quickly opened and a man with lawless face, followed by a dozen others, shouted, "Each man keep his place! Hold your hands up, or we'll shoot you!" From her mandibles the gum, or the sweet and amiable lady fell and every mouth was dumb.

There were traces of refinement on the robber chiefman's face. In his tones a touch of culture, in his walk patrician grace. Eastern thought and modes of living he had known in bygone years. Gentle once, but now an outlaw, for the swash they described the robbing travelers, robbery the grand drama of his gum. Have the passengers no spirit? Will they be to face succumb?

At the car's end stood a fellow with a wild and peering face. And his hair was long and waving. He, too, held his hands on high. But his lips with words seemed struggling, went up thoughts within him burned. Then at last his voice found utterance, and all faces on him turned. Roiled his lips, but the words came quickly—oh, it was a tearless laugh. As the brave young man recited "Curfew Must Not Ring Tonight?"

Memories of "social evenings" o'er the robe and flowing hair was seething like a man who's body's scorched. "Drop your heart! To the prairies!" cried the chief in desolate tone. In a minute all the travelers with each other were phones. Then followed the brave reciter who had put the thieves to flight. And in them these words are precious, "Curfew Must Not Ring Tonight."

—Be.

Practical, but Cold Blooded.

I have a friend here in town, a young business woman, whose common sense is enough to make one's blood run cold at times. I went to see her new flat a few days ago, and I was delighted with a cushioned divan in one corner of her sitting room. It was, as many divans that belong to young business women are, a box with a hinged lid, but as it had handles on it and was bound with iron bands and was altogether so much stronger and more desirable than divan boxes usually are, I asked her where she bought it.

"I didn't buy it," said she. "It was given to me. You know the woman where I boarded last year came into a lot of money through the death of her grandfather. The old gentleman died in Florida, and the remains were sent here. They were in a mahogany coffin, and the coffin—well!"—and she kicked the divan with her heels—"the coffin was in this. I didn't see any reason for letting the box go to waste, and it makes a lovely couch. Don't you think so?"

And of course it does, but then—after all, it's well to be practical like that.—Washington Post.

The first mention made of the use of coal as a fuel is in the records of the abbey of Peterborough in the year 850 A.D., where is found an entry for 12 cart-loads of "fossil fuel."

## THE ROYAL BOX.

The sultan possesses no crown, coronation being unknown in Turkey.

Kaiser Wilhelm has been camping out for a week under a tent on the island of Helgoland. He took three carloads of baggage with him.

Carmen Sylva is not the only royal poetess. The empress of Japan also cultivates the muse and has dedicated a volume of poems to her husband.

The young queen of the Netherlands will formally assume the reigns of government at 6:30 p.m. on Aug. 31, that being the hour of her birth.

The task to which the Spanish cabinet is now addressing itself is to cry "Enough!" loud enough for Americans to hear it, but low enough so that it cannot be heard in Spain.—Des Moines Leader.

When Commodore Schley called for three cheers for "the men behind the guns," the officers of the fleet which had wiped out the flower of the Spanish navy under Cervera gave that tribute with a will. The men who commanded cheered the men who did the fighting. It was the demoralization of heroism.—Boston Post.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure.

## RANGE OF THE HONEYBEE

How the Distance Traveled by the Bees Can Be Determined.

The range of the honeybee is but little understood by the masses, many supposing that bees go for miles in quest of nectar, while others think that they go only a short distance. It may be curious to many to understand how any one can tell how far the bees may fly, but this is simple when understood. Years ago, when the Italian bees were first introduced in the United States, these bees having marks different from the common bees already here, they were easily distinguished, and after any beekeeper had obtained the Italian bees they could be observed and their range easily noticed. If bloom is plentiful close where bees are located, they will not go very far, perhaps a mile in range, but if bloom is scarce they may go five miles. It usually about three miles is as far as they may go profitably.

Bees have been known to go as far as eight miles in a straight line, crossing a body of water that distance to land. It is wonderful how the little honeybee can go so far from its home and end find its way back to its own particular hive. If while the little bee is out of its home or hive the hive should be moved some 10 or 20 feet, according to the surroundings, when it came back to where its home was first located it would be hopelessly lost.

It is not a question of skill, for the swan-like bee can keep its place, with no other object in view, it might think it was home, but even should the hive be moved only a few feet many of the bees would get lost.

Soften now the hive, if done in the summer time, it would be all right, but if in the winter time it should be done after dark or when the bees are not flying, and even then the bees should be stirred up some and smoke blown in at the hive entrance and a board or some object placed in front of the hive so that the bees in coming out may mark their new location. Bees no doubt are guided by sight and also sense of smell. They are attracted by the color of bloom, as if they are at work on a certain kind of bloom they are not likely to leave that particular kind of bloom for any other as long as they can find that kind. Again, bees are often attracted to sweets by their sense of smell, for they will go after sweets even if in the dark, if close. However, any kind of sweets may be placed in glass in plain sight, but if covered so as not to emit any smell the bees will take no notice of it.—Exchange.

## WHY HE DIDN'T BID UP.

## The Plight of a Man Who Had a Weakness For Auction Sales.

There was a red flag out in front of a farmhouse up in the Swift river region in Oxford the other day when Burns was driving past the place. He can never get by an auction sale. There is something about a bargain at vendue that strikes him just where he lives. So Burns hitched his horse and stopped on the outskirts of the crowd. He remembered that at the last auction he attended he bought two pugnacious and an ox yoke, and this time he streaked himself lest he might commit similar egotism. In fact, he concluded that he wouldn't bid at all.

But when the crowd got well waked up over a Jersey heifer, Burns clapped in a bid or two and finally got to going hard against a red whiskered man who carried a whip in his left hand and expectorated violently after every bid.

As the contest waxed somewhat energetic Burns reached for his pocketbook. His fingers ran down and down into his trouser pocket until they slid into a good big hole. The pocketbook was gone. You who have found holes in your pockets where wallets ought to be can, in some measure, appreciate Burns' feelings.

He stopped bidding, and while the red whiskered man, still expectorating, was paying down an installment on the heifer Burns pushed forward through the crowd and got the auctioneer's ear. That functionary listened intently. Then he arose once more and in his professional drome commenced:

"This gentleman informs me that he has lost a pocketbook containing the sum of \$200. He offers the sum of \$10 for its return. Now—"

"I will give \$20," broke in a voice in the corner.

"Thirty," cried another.

"Thirty-five," came in determined tones from the red whiskered man.

"That was beyond what I could afford," says Burns. "and so I came away and left them bidding on it."—Lewiston Journal.

## Methods of Sienkiewicz.

To write such books as Sienkiewicz does without copying or correcting to create works like the trilogy and "Quo Vadis?" by a series of efforts, each of which gives a finished part, and each part being a seamless and flawless continuation of the preceding, till the last, together with all the others, forms a complete, unbroken whole, is perhaps the most amazing tour de force in literary experience. Sienkiewicz employs no man or woman to help him. He makes all literary researches himself, visits and studies the places which he needs to see and when writing in Switzerland, Italy, France or other countries takes with him all the books he requires and shut himself in with them during working hours, which for him are from 8 or 9 in the morning to 1 o'clock and then a couple of hours later. He never writes after dinner in the evening and has so ordered his "works and days" that he needs no assistance.—Jeremiah Curtin in Century.

HEALTH,  
STRENGTH  
AND  
VIGOR  
CAN BE OBTAINED  
BY THE USE OF  
DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT.

To men suffering from any weakness I have a little book which is sent sealed, free. Every young, middle-aged and old man should read it. Address:

DR. D. T. SANDEN,  
132 ST. JAMES ST., MONTREAL.

LAXA-LIVER PILLS cure Constipation, Biliousness and Dyspepsia. Price 25c.

## HUMOR

## PATRIOTIC DODSON.

And What Caused Him to Change His Mind About Going to the Front.

Dodson is very patriotic. When the first call to arms resounded through the land, he was consumed with a burning desire to hasten to the front, but the thought that he had a wife dependent upon him bade him pause.

With the second call for troops came the old desire to fight for his country, but he did not dare face the tears and pleadings of his wife.

Then came the glorious news from Santiago, which infused him anew with patriotic enthusiasm, and he resolved to delay no longer. He felt that his country needed him more than his wife did.

To fortify himself against his wife's tears he took her gently in his arms, and resting her head upon his breast, where he could not see her eyes, he told her that he was going to the front. It was a duty he owed to his country, he said. He pictured the glorious life of the soldier fighting for the flag he loves so well. He bade her be brave. He showed her how she could do her duty at home while he was fighting at the front.

She lay very still and quiet in his arms when he had finished. Dodson felt it was a solemn hour for both of them. Still he would do his duty.

Finally his wife raised her head from where she had pillow'd it and looked calmly and trustingly into the eyes of her husband.

"John," she said in a low, sweet voice that made him thrill, "John, how much pension does a widow draw?"

Dodson is very patriotic, but nevertheless he has resolved to stay at home.—Detroit Free Press.

## Lucy's Excuse.

"See here, Lucy," said the teacher to one of her bright scholars, "you have written the word 'oyster' without an 'e'."

"Oh, yes," exclaimed the scholar, reaching for the slate to make the correction. "I must have been thinking it was one of those months when there is no r in oysters."—Detroit News-Tribune.

## A Shock.

"I don't see why you're groaning so about," said Plodding Pete. "Tain't no disgrace to have de dyspepsia."

"I don't know about that," answered Meandering Mike. "Dat medical student said it come from overworkin me stomach."—Washington Star.

## His Future Calling.

"Have you decided what you are going to make of the baby yet?"

"Oh, yes!" replied the father promptly. "That's all settled."

"What will he be?"

"Well, I think his voice qualifies him to be a barker for a museum."

It was two whole days after this before the baby's mother consented to get on speaking terms with the baby's father.—Chicago Post.

## It Looked Suspicious.

They were out driving in the mellow twilight, and their engagement was yet in its infancy.

"Darling," he said, "you are sure that I am the first and only man whom I have ever come in contact with yours?"

"Of course I am, dearest," she replied.

"You do not doubt my word, do you?"

"No, no, sue-theart," he answered. "I love you too devotedly for that. But when I put my arm around you a moment ago and you made a grab for the lines I could not help thinking you possessed wonderful intuition."—Chicago News.

## Two Blind Chaplains.

It is a coincidence that both the senate and house of Washington have blind chaplains. Millions of the people consider the more distinguished, but Coulton of the House is spoken of as the more eloquent. Coulton is a man powerful in argument and a friend of the Woman's Christian Temperance union.

## TOBACCO HEART.

HAVE you been taking a good deal lately and feel an occasional twinge of pain round your heart? Are you short of breath, nerves unstrung, unshaded, sensations of pins and needles going through your arm and fingers? Better take a box or two of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and get cured before things become too serious. Here's what Mr. John James, of Caledonia, Ont., says:

"MILBURN'S  
HEART &  
NERVE  
PILLS"

has to say about them: "I have had serious heart trouble for four years, caused by excessive use of tobacco. At times my heart would beat very rapidly and then seemed to stand still, only to commence again with unusual rapidity."

"This unhealthy action of my heart caused shortness of breath, weakness and debility. I tried many medicines and spent a great deal of money but could not get any help."

Last November, however, I read of a man, afflicted like myself, being cured by Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I went to Roper's drug store and bought a box. When I had finished taking it I was so much better I bought another box and this completed the cure. My heart has not bothered me since, and I strongly recommend all sufferers from heart and nerve trouble, caused by excessive use of tobacco, to give Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills a fair and final trial."

Price 50c, a box or 3 boxes for \$1.25, all druggists. T. Milburn & Co., Toronto, Ont.

LAXA-LIVER PILLS cure Constipation, Biliousness and Dyspepsia. Price 25c.

## Kidney Trouble

## FOR YEARS.

Nothing did Mr. R. E. Pitt any good until he got Doan's Kidney Pills.

Throughout the County of Leeds and the Town of Brockville there is no medicine spoken so highly of for all kinds of Kidney Diseases as Doan's Kidney Pills. As Canada's pioneer kidney pills, introduced by Mr. James Doan, of Kingsville, Ont., in 1885, they stand to-day far superior to all the imitations and substitutes that have been offered the public in their stead.

Mr. R. E. Pitt, the well-known contractor and builder, voices these sentiments when he says, "I have had kidney trouble for years. I had tried numerous remedies without much relief, and had given up my back as gone for good, but since using Doan's Kidney Pills the result has been marvelous! The pain is all gone. I feel like a new man, and can highly testify to the virtues of Doan's Kidney Pills."

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold by all dealers or sent by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents a box or 3 boxes for \$1.25. The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

## Rations.

"Isn't he a man of rather luxurious tastes?" said one girl.

"Yes, I'm afraid he will never make a soldier," answered the other.

"I'm sure he wouldn't quail at the enemy's fire."

"No, indeed. But I don't believe he could face salt pork so calmly as he could salt pepper."—Washington Star.

## GLEANINGS.

W. H. Hudson, author of "Birds In London," estimates the cat population of that city to be 750,000.

Under the laws of China the man who loses his temper in a discussion is sent to jail for five days to cool down.

The people of India are the most prone to litigation of any on the globe. There are 1,500,000 lawsuits every year.

Agriculture in Italy employs 3,000,000 women.

Sun Insurance office, Eastern Assurance Co.

Quebec Fire Insurance Company.

London and Lancashire Life Ins. Co.

British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co.

Lloyd's Glass Insurance Company.

W. R. ALLAN,  
General Agent.

WINNIPEG.

## FREE

We give this fine  
watch chain and  
leather buttons, at ten cents  
each. Send your  
address and we will  
send the buttons, postage  
paid. No money  
required. Send the  
buttons, return the  
watch, prepaid.  
A genuine American  
watch, guaranteed  
to keep good time.  
Mention this paper  
when writing.

LEVER  
BUTTON  
CO.,

20 Adelaide St. E.  
Toronto, Ont.

## Don't Drink

UNLESS

## YOU DRINK

## HEALTH

## COFFEY

MADE BY

The Dyson Gibson Co.

A 25c Package Makes  
100 Cups.

HAVE YOUR FALL STOCK WELL  
ASSORTED WITH

## BOECKH'S

BRUSHES  
BROOMS  
AND WOODENWARE.

Manufactured by BOECKH BROS. & CO.

Toronto, Ont.

## A FEW THINGS

that should be found in  
every well regulated  
household

## DREWRY'S

Choice Stock Ale Extra Porter

Canadian Pilsner Lager

(A Fine Light Beer)

Golden Key Brand Aerated Water

Imperial Table Sauce

Choice Table Relishes

India Chutney

Prize Licker

Billiard and Pool Tables

New and Second-hand

Bowling Alleys

AND SUPPLIES. Large catalogues from

THE REID BROS., 257 King West, Toronto.

W. N. U. 187

JUBILEE TARRED AND PLAIN

BUILDING PAPER.

To be Used Under Shingles, Clapboards, Floors,

The exterior of houses, etc.

It is water and frost and heat proof.

It costs a little more than common paper, but the difference is not so great, as the paper is made from the best materials.

Get a sample and compare it with the others you can see there.

Write for free samples.

# Wall Papering In the Fall.... IS ALL RIGHT.

## It Pays

in the saving of fuel.

We have about 200 rolls of remnants which we will clear out this fall at

From 25 to 40 per Cent off  
Regular Prices.

Ask to see them....

W. W. BOLE.

The Moose Jaw Times.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER, 7, 1898.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

The Supreme Court sits here next Tuesday.

Mrs. Richardson, of Chaplin, was in town this week.

This week the slate roof is being put on the new C. P. R. station.

R. O. Miller left for Indian Head Monday evening, and will return this week.

Wellington White has closed his brick-yard for the season, and left for Banff last week.

Mrs. C. D. Fisher returned from Winnipeg Tuesday morning, after a week's visit with friends.

Mrs. Haigh returned home on Tuesday morning from Beausejour where she had been visiting friends during the past month.

Brakeman Porter, of the Prince Albert branch, got his left hand badly smashed while coupling cars, and will probably lose a finger.

The wife and family of Mr. G. B. Sharpe returned home on Tuesday morning from Virden, after spending a month with Mrs. Sharpe's parents.

The special marine trains passed through this week, one en route from the Coast to Montreal and the other from Montreal to the Coast.

A. T. Condell, general agent for the North American Life, arrived from the west on Tuesday afternoon after a very successful business trip.

Mrs. J. W. Smith, of Regina, was the guest of her sister-in-law Mrs. W. W. Bole for several days last week. She returned home Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. Cosgrave, who left about two years ago, returned on Monday and has again joined the C. P. R. staff. At present he is temporary station agent at Caron.

The Methodist Ladies' Aid concert in Central Hall last Friday evening was largely attended. The programme was good and the gross receipts amounted to over \$60.00.

The first snow fall came on Sunday last to the depth of several inches in this district. Further east it was much heavier, while at North Portal and Estevan there was quite a blizzard.

The Presbyterian Ladies' Aid have arranged for a concert to be given on Oct. 28th by the Prairie City Quartette, on their return trip from the Coast. Further particulars latter.

The first dance of the season under the auspices of the Brass Band will be held in Central Hall next Monday evening, Oct. 10th. Tickets may be secured from the members of the Committee.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. McDonald left on Wednesday morning for Lethbridge, where Mr. McDonald has secured a remunerative position in the office of the president of the Alberta Railway & Coal Company.

Two little daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. H. Ross were passengers on Wednesday evening's No. 2 en route home to Regina from East Kootenay, where they had spent some months with their grand-parents.

A couple of pedlars were arrested at Caron last Sunday charged with stealing a C.P.R. cheque for \$18.00 from a room in the Chaplin section house. They appeared before W. C. Sanders, J.P., but were dismissed.

A party of American gentlemen consisting of Messrs. G. R. Barber, J. B. Best, E. D. Winter and S. H. Peavy, arrived yesterday afternoon from Minneapolis to spend a few days with the geese at the Shooting Box.

Mr. Hauitan and Mr. Ross are this week in Northern Alberta addressing meetings at Edmonton, Watkinson and Innisfail. They will probably address a meeting at Calgary on Saturday or Monday, and will return to Regina early next week.

The North-West Government are calling for tenders for supplying four heavy work teams to operate road grader in the vicinity of Moose Jaw, and also for grading six miles of road allowance between townships 17 and 18, in range 28. For further particulars see ad.

Mr. Walter A. Bowron, of the C. P. R. train service, was married to Miss Edith Snider, of Hamilton, Ont., at Fort William on Monday, Oct. 3rd, 1888. The happy couple arrived home yesterday afternoon, and have taken up their residence on High Street. Mr. Bowron's many friends extend their congratulations.

## "JIM." M'KNIGHT KILLED.

Another Railroad Boy Meets a Sad and Sudden Death on the Rail.

James McKnight, a young C. P. R. employee, was suddenly called to his death on Monday last. Having spent Sunday at his home in Broadview, he was returning to Moose Jaw on a freight train in charge of Conductor Prosser. About a mile east of Indian Head, and opposite the Experimental Farm, there is a small bridge at the bottom of a steep grade, which was being filled in. The bridge gang had removed the stringers and supports from underneath the rails and had placed a danger signal to stop passing trains. Once the danger signal was seen everyone on duty did their utmost to stop the train. It was too late. The distance was so short and the grade so steep as to prevent this, and the engine, a compound Mogul, with its tender and two box cars loaded with Ogilvie's flour, was hurled into the ditch. Engineer Hinrichs remained in his cab and emerged from the debris unharmed. Fireman Wilson jumped and suffered but slight injury. Mr. McKnight, prevented by some reason from either returning to the cab or jumping, was instantly crushed to death between the engine and tender. Supt. Milestone spared no expense or care in returning the body in the best condition to his parents at Broadview. The deceased was a brother-in-law of Engineer John McNeil and Conductor Art. Holdsworth. The funeral took place yesterday afternoon at Broadview. The church was filled with friends of the family. Rev. Mr. Fraser, of Regina, read the Scriptures. Rev. Mr. Campbell, Presbyterian minister, delivered an address of consolation to the bereaved; Rev. Mr. Sweet, Baptist minister, of Moose Jaw, delivered an address on the life of the deceased; Rev. Mr. Dimmick made a stirring appeal to the living. The remains were laid to rest near the shore of the pretty lake beside which the young man spent his youth.

Jim was an only son and the brother of seven sisters. He was the youngest of the family and had not yet passed his twentieth year. He was the favorite of the home, the community and the society in which he wrought. At the time of his death he was caretaker of the engine on which he met his fate. His life was beautiful in its love for parents and sisters, in its self-sacrifice for others' good, and above all in its rare outer and inner purity. Were he to come now with a message for his comrades, it would be this: "Be ye also ready for in such an hour as ye think not the Son of Man cometh."

## PROHIBITION WON.

It Carried in Every Province Excepting Quebec.—A Total Majority of 11,633.

Although it is a week since Plebiscite Day, there are yet no very complete returns from any province. The actual number of votes polled in cities and towns has been ascertained and published, but returns from many outlying sections are lacking, and the real state of the poll can not be known until the returning officers throughout the Dominion count up the ballots and make their official declarations. The following is the latest returns by provinces:

PROVINCE.	YES.	NO.
Ontario	17,528	
Nova Scotia	17,840	
Quebec	51,290	
New Brunswick	13,715	
Prince Edward Island	6,160	
Manitoba	5,099	
N. W. Territories	1,929	
British Columbia	538	
Totals	62,926	51,290
Total Dominion majority for prohibition	11,633.	

Eastview.

Eastview, Oct. 6, 1898.—One of the earliest snow storms that has been known in these parts for years came Sunday. Snow fell to the depth of 5 or 6 inches and while the storm lasted it resembled more a January blizzard than a 2nd of October day.—Threshing is now the order of the day in this community. The Eastview Syndicate having commenced their seasons operations on Monday last. What is yielding about 25 bushels per acre, and oats about 40. The grain is a good sample and if the prices continue raising times will be good.—Samuel Goodfellow, of Grey Co., Ont., while on a tour through the West stopped off here for a few days as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. R. E. Allcock. He left again for the east on Monday's No. 2 and will visit Manitoba, points before he returns home.—Miss Wroe, sister of Robt. Wroe of this place, arrived from Boston, Mass., a short time ago and will remain in our burg for a time. The wild geese are very scarce in this part of the district this season, but no doubt before the fall closes they will be more plentiful.—Times are rather quiet since the plebiscite vote, but it is thought the coming elections will tend to stir things up a little.

## BIRTHS.

Ross.—At Regina, Sept. 25th, to Mr. and Mrs. James H. Ross, a daughter.

## COAL

We have just received the first consignment of celebrated Canadian Anthracite Coal.

We are prepared to supply the trade at the following prices

Furnace \$9.00.—Half Ton \$4.85  
Stove.... 9.00.—" 4.85  
Nut.... 8.00.—" 4.25

R. BEARD.  
Houses for Sale.

## STRAYED.

Strayed on my premises on Sunday, Oct. 2nd, one bay mare colt, about 5 months old, right hind foot white and small white spot on nose. J. O. BOUDRIAS, Moose Jaw.

# Get the girl first!

The next thing is the engagement ring. We have a beautiful selection to choose from; but this is only one line of our business. We also carry a fine stock of watches, clocks, jewellery, novelties in silverware and fancy leather goods. We have recently added a full line of spectacles and optical goods and can guarantee satisfaction. Try our Machless Silver Polish and you will use no other. We can save you more than you imagine in these lines.....

## R. E. PLAXTON

# UNION BANK OF CANADA.

Capital Subscribed .... \$1,500,000  
Capital Paid Up .... 1,493,300  
Rest .... 325,000

## HEAD OFFICE, - - - QUEBEC.

Andrew Thomson, Esq., President.  
Hon. E. J. Price, Vice Pres.  
E. E. Webb, General Manager.  
J. G. Billett, Inspector.

## BRANCHES.

Alexandria, Ont.	Morden, Man.
Boisevain, Man.	Meita, "
Carberry, "	Moosomin, N.W.T.
Carmen, "	Moose Jaw, "
Calgary, N.W.T.	Norwood, Ont.
Deloraine, Man.	Neepawa, Man.
Glenboro, "	Ottawa, Ont.
Gretina, "	Quebec, Que.
Holland, "	Quebec, (S. Lewis, S.
Hamiota, "	Sinclair, Ont.
Hastings, Ont.	Smith's Falls' Ont.
Indian Head, N.W.T.	Souris, Man.
Lethbridge, "	Toronto, Ont.
Macleod, "	Virden, Man.
Merrickville, Ont.	Waterton, Ont.
Minnedosa, Man.	Winchester, Ont.
Montreal, Quebec.	Winnipeg, Man.

## MOOSE JAW BRANCH.

Deposits received and general banking business transacted.  
Interest allowed on saving and special deposits.

Drafts sold, available at all points in Canada, United States and England.

ROBT. S. BARROW, Manager.

## J. W. FERGUSON

Contractor & Builder.

## House Building a Specialty.

Plans and Estimates Furnished.

All kinds of repairing and carpentering work done on shortest notice by competent men. Shop on Main Street, at rear of Ferguson's Butcher Shop.

## J. W. Ferguson.

# NEW DRESSMAKER SHOP.

Miss Lusk, late of Toronto, has decided to open a dressmaker shop in town, using the famous U. S. Tailor system, which is considered superior to all other systems of cutting. First class work guaranteed at moderate prices. For the present will be in W. C. Lusk's Art Studio, High Street.

## ROOMS LIGHTED WITH ELECTRICITY.

From my ranch, 25 miles south-west of Moose Jaw, one black mare, branded SC on left shoulder, shoes on front feet. Information that will lead to the recovery of the same will be rewarded. R. SMYTH, Park 14-15.

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# GRAND MILLINERY OPENING . . .

Our new fall stock of Millinery has arrived and we will have our opening on

THURSDAY,  
OCT. 6, 1898.

We have engaged Miss Coulter, late of Winnipeg, and can now guarantee satisfaction.

Miss E. Clarke.

# NEW DRUG STORE

The undersigned wish to announce to the people of Moose Jaw that they will open a branch drug store in the new Grayson Block. Temporary premises next door north of Robinson & Hamilton's.

Having had thirteen years' experience in the drug business we feel justified in soliciting a share of your patronage

COLLING BROS.,  
of Toronto.

# THE LATEST NOVELTY.

Souvenir China Five-o'clock

Tea Sets, Creams and Sugars, Spoon Dishes, Pin Trays.

## A PRETTY MOOSE JAW SCENE.

## THE BAZAAR

## JUST OPENED

TO-DAY.

We have just opened another fresh and well-burnt kiln of the genuine

## NORTH-WEST LIME.

Why buy an inferior article when you can get this at prices to suit your pocket.

Jas. McClelland,

Plain and Ornamental Plaster.

# THE PRESERVING SEASON

The preserving season has commenced. It will pay you to deal with the old reliable. As in former seasons our prices are the lowest in town. Leave your orders at once with J. A. Healey & Co., or at the Klondyke Supply Store.

GIVE US A CALL.

# WHY THEY'RE BEST.

A combination of

Best Materials

Best Fitting

Best Workmanship

Make our Winter

Overcoats . . .

THE BEST.

If its Style, if its Quality, if its Price

our stock will suit you—call

and examine it.

J. H. KERN, PROP.

W. N. Mitchell.

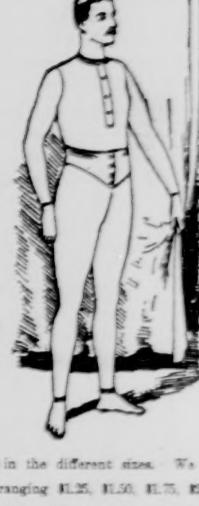
14-15

# Next to Your Wife

Your underwear is your warmest friend.

The cold weather is now coming on and heavier underclothing is necessary for your comfort and health. It is well to know that there is a vast difference in the makes of underwear. There is a feeling of great comfort and satisfaction in having on perfect fitting underwear. We have prepared to do the underwear trade this fall. We bought heavy and early away back in May when prices were at the very lowest. Never before have we had such values to offer in English, Scotch and Canadian natural wools, made up in the different sizes. We are starting all-wool underwear at \$1.00 a suit, and ranging \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25 and up to \$5.00 a suit according to quality. We are also showing a splendid range in fleece lined underwear for those whose skin is tender and cannot wear woolens. We have just opened four large cases of superfine, all-wool blankets, white and grey, direct from the mills.

M. J. MacLEOD.



## The Ready-to-Wear Idea . . .

Is what gives Shorey's Clothing its prestige.

That Idea should suggest another to you.

The saving of half your Tailor's Bills.

It does not matter what your

Shape is. Tall and Slim or Short and Stout, Shorey's Clothing will fit you and to all appearance you will

still be a Tailor Made Man.

See that Shorey's Guarantee Card is in the

pocket of each garment, it is worth remembering.

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